Limit level measurement of bulk solids
Vibration

VEGAVIB 61 - 63 VEGAWAVE 61 - 63



Product Information





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1 Description of the measuring principle

Measuring principle

VEGAVIB and VEGAWAVE are level sensors based on the vibrating principle. VEGAVIB is equipped with a vibrating rod as sensor element, VEGAWAVE works with a tuning fork.

Both are designed for industrial use in all areas of process technology and are deployed mainly in bulk solids.

The vibrating element (vibrating rod or tuning fork) is energized piezoelectrically and vibrates at its mechanical resonance frequency. The piezos are fixed mechanically and are hence not subject to temperature shock limitations. When the vibrating element is immersed in the product, the vibrating frequency changes. This change is detected by the integrated oscillator and converted into a switching command.

Typical applications are overfill and dry run protection systems. Due to the rugged vibrating measuring system, the vibrating level switches remain virtually unaffected by chemical and physical properties of the bulk solid.

They operate even under strong external vibrations or in changing products.

Fault monitoring

The electronics module continuously monitors the following criteria:

- Correct vibrating frequency
- Line break to the piezo drive

If one of the stated malfunctions is detected or in case of power failure, the electronics takes on a defined switching condition, e.g. the relay deenergises (safe condition).

Solid detection in water

With instruments in the version for solid detection in water (option), the vibrating element is adjusted to the density of water. If submerged in water (density 1 g/cm³), the level switch signals "uncovered". Only if the vibrating element is also covered with solids (e.g. sand, sludge, etc.) will the sensor signal "covered".

VEGAVIB 61, 62, 63

Vibrating rod version

VEGAVIB series 60 level switches are available in standard, cable and tube versions and, thanks to the multitude of available process fittings, provide the ideal solution for any application. They are made completely of stainless steel, have all standard approvals and the vibrating rod can also be polished, e.g. for applications in the food processing industry.

VEGAVIB is virtually unaffacted by product properties and thus does not have to be adjusted.

The level switches can be used in applications with process temperatures up to 250 $^{\circ}$ C (482 $^{\circ}$ F) and pressures of up to 16 bar (232 psi).

You can detect bulk solids from 0.02 g/cm³ (0.0007 lbs/in³).

VEGAVIB profits from its rotation-symmetric design. No granule can stick to the rod sensor and the sensor must not be oriented when being mounted. The rod form can also be cleaned very easily.

VEGAVIB vibrating rods have smaller installation dimensions than the VEGAWAVE tuning fork and the process fittings of VEGAVIB are already available from a thread size of 1".

VEGAWAVE 61, 62, 63

Tuning fork version

VEGAWAVE series 60 level switches are available in standard, cable and tube version and, in combination with many different process fittings, provide a suitable instrument for any application. They are made completely of stainless steel and have all standard approvals.

VEGAWAVE is virtually unaffected by product properties and thus does not have to be adjusted.

The level switches can be used in applications with process temperatures up to 250 $^{\circ}$ C (482 $^{\circ}$ F) and pressures up to 25 bar (363 psi).

The tuning fork version is very rugged and insensitive to buildup. Nevertheless, VEGAWAVE can also detect very light solids from 0.008 g/cm³ (0.0003 lbs/in³).

1.1 Application examples

Plastic processing

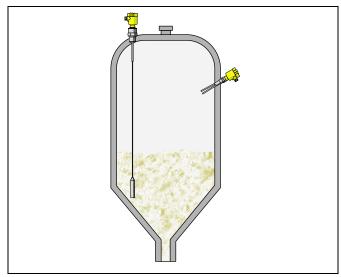


Fig. 1: Level detection in a silo storing plastic granules

A large number of finished products are produced in the chemical industry as powder, granules or pellets. Plastic granules and powder are often stored in high, narrow silos which are filled pneumatically.

Vibrating level switches like VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE have proven their worth for level detection of plastics. Even with smallest bulk densities of only 20 g/l and changing products, the instruments always deliver accurate results.

Advantages:

- Tuning fork implementable up to a density < 20 g/l (e.g. aerosiles)
- Product-independent switching point
- Setup without filling

Building material industry

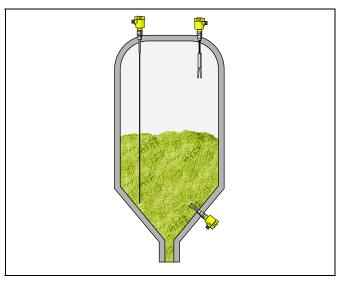


Fig. 2: Silo for aggregate in the building materials industry

Cement or aggregates are placed in interim storage in multiple chamber silos. When the chambers are filled, large quantities of dust are generated. Depending on the consistency of the aggregate, different material cones are formed and the product properties can change from filling to filling.

VEGAVIB 62/VEGAWAVE 62 offer an additional protection against overfilling of silos with additives. The flexible suspension cable avoids mechanical load caused by movement of bulk solids. Filling is not necessary for setup. Since both instrument versions VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE have virtually no moving parts, they are not subject to wear.

Advantages:

- Very rugged tuning fork
- High abrasion resistance
- Insensitive to buildup
- Setup without filling

2 Type overview

VEGAVIB 61



Preferred application: Bulk solids

Length: -

Process fitting: Thread G1 A, G1½ A, flanges Process temperature: $-50 \dots +150$ °C ($-58 \dots +302$ °F) Process temperature with $-50 \dots +250$ °C ($-58 \dots +482$ °F)

temperature adapter:

Process pressure: -1 ... 16 bar/-100 ... 1600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 232 psi)

Signal output: relay output, transistor output,

contactless electronic switch, two-

wire output

Ruggedness: +
Sensitivity: +

Buildup: +

Installation length: ++

Orientation during

installation:

Cleanability:

Sticking solids:

VEGAVIB 62



Bulk solids

0.3 ... 80 m (0.984 ... 262.47 ft)

Thread G1 A, G1 $\frac{1}{2}$ A, flanges

-20 ... +80 °C (-4 ... +176 °F)

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-1 ... 6 bar/-100 ... 600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 87 psi)

relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch, twowire output

+

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VEGAVIB 63



Bulk solids

0.3 ... 4 m (0.984 ... 13.12 ft)

Thread G1 A, G11/2 A, flanges

-50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F)

-50 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F)

-1 ... 16 bar/-100 ... 1600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 232 psi)

relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch, two-wire output

+

+

++

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++

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VEGAWAVE 61



Bulk solids

Length:

Process fitting: thread G1½ A, flanges

Process temperature: -50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F)

Process temperature with

Preferred application:

temperature adapter:

Process pressure: -1 ... 16 bar/-100 ... 1600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 232 psi)

Signal output: relay output, transistor output,

contactless electronic switch, two-

-50 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F)

wire output

Ruggedness: ++
Sensitivity: ++

Buildup: ++

Cleanability: -

Installation length: +

Orientation during

installation:

Sticking solids:

VEGAWAVE 62



Bulk solids

0.3 ... 80 m (0.984 ... 262.47 ft)

thread G11/2 A, flanges

-20 ... +80 °C (-4 ... +176 °F)

-

-1 ... 6 bar/-100 ... 600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 87 psi)

relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch, two-

wire output

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VEGAWAVE 63



Bulk solids

0.3 ... 4 m (0.984 ... 13.12 ft)

thread G11/2 A, flanges

-50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F)

-50 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F)

-1 ... 16 bar/-100 ... 1600 kPa

(-14.5 ... 232 psi)

relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch, two-wire output

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Housing	Plastic	Stainless steel	Aluminium	Aluminium (double chamber)
Electronics	Relay output	Transistor output	Contactless electronic switch	Two-wire output
Sensors	Vibrating rod	Tuning fork		
Approvals	Gas-explosion protection	Dust-explosion protection		

3 Mounting instructions

Switching point

In general, VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE can be installed in any position. The instrument simply has be mounted in such a way that the vibrating element is at the height of the desired switching point.

The only exception is the mounting of the tuning fork vertically from the bottom. In this position it can happen that product sticks between the fork tines.

Socket

The vibrating element should protrude into the vessel to avoid buildup. For that reason, avoid using mounting bosses for flanges and screwed fittings. This applies particularly for horizontal installation and with adhesive products.

Filling opening

Install the instrument in such a way that the vibrating element does not protrude directly into the filling stream. Should such an installation location be necessary, mount a suitable baffle above or in front of the vibrating element, e.g. L80 x 8 DIN 1028 (see Fig. Part "a."). In abrasive solids, mounting according to fig. Part "b." has proven to be a good solution. The mound that forms in the concave baffle protects it from abrasion.

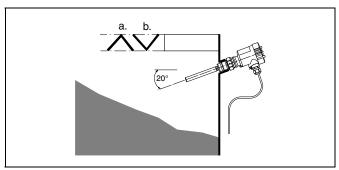


Fig. 3: Horizontal mounting

- a. Convex mounting
- b. Concave mounting

Inflowing medium

If VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

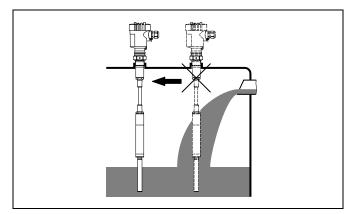


Fig. 4: Inflowing medium

Horizontal mounting

To achieve a very precise switching point, you can install VEGA-VIB / VEGAWAVE horizontally. However, if the switching point can have a tolerance of a few centimeters, we recommend mounting VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE approx. 20° inclined to the vessel bottom to avoid buildup.

Orient the tuning fork of VEGAWAVE so that the product cannot remain lying on the fork surface. There is a mark on the thread hexagon for aligning the fork. Make sure that the mark points upward.

Material cone

In silos containing solids, material cones can form which change the switching point. Please keep this in mind when installing the sensor in the vessel. We recommend selecting an installation location where the vibrating element detects an average value of the material cone.

The vibrating element must be mounted at a location that takes the arrangement of the filling and emptying apertures into account.

To compensate measurement errors caused by the material cone in cylindrical vessels, the sensor must be mounted at a distance of d/10 from the vessel wall.

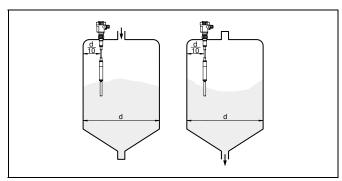


Fig. 5: Filling and emptying centered

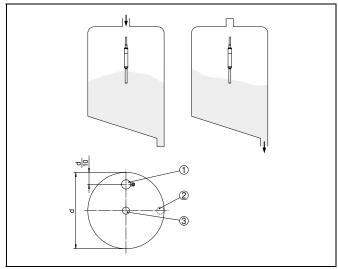


Fig. 6: Filling in the center, emptying laterally

- 1 VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE
- 2 Emptying opening
- 3 Filling opening

Tensile load

With cable version, make sure that the max. permissible tensile load of the suspension cable is not exceeded. The danger of this happening exists particularly with very heavy solids and large meas. lengths. The max. permissible load is stated in chapter "Technical data".

Agitators

Due to filling or extraction forces, vibrations or similar, the level switch can be subjected to strong lateral forces. For this reason, do not use an overly long extension tube for VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE 63, but check if you can mount a VEGAVIB 61 or VEGAWAVE 61 level switch on the side of the vessel in horizontal position.

Extreme vibration caused by the process or the equipment, e.g. by fluidization or beaters in the vessel, can cause the extension tube of VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE to vibrate in resonance. This leads to increased stress on the upper weld joint. Should a longer

tube version be necessary, you can provide a suitable support or guy directly above the vibrating element to secure the extension tube.



This measure applies particularly to applications in Ex areas. Make sure that the tube is not subjected to bending forces through this measure.

Should the installation from top be necessary, check if you can use a cable version.

In the long run, strong vibrations can damage the instrument electronics. With a remote housing these can be disonnected from the process.

Flows

To make sure the tuning fork of VEGAWAVE generates as little resistance as possible to product flow, mount the sensor so that the surfaces are parallel to the product movement.

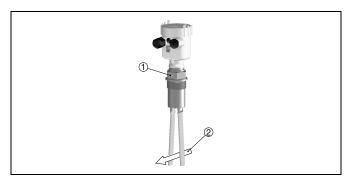


Fig. 7: Orientation of the tuning fork in case of flow

- 1 Marking with screwed version
- 2 Direction of flow

Lock fitting

For height adjustment, VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE in tube version can be mounted with a lock fitting. This lock fitting is available for applications in unpressurized areas or as version up to 16 bar (232 psi).

Baffle protection against falling rocks

In applications such as grit chambers or settling basins for coarse sediments, the vibrating element must be protected against damage with a suitable baffle.



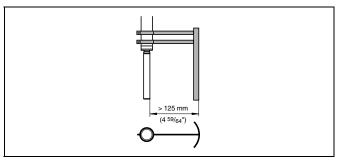


Fig. 8: Baffle to protect against damages

Pressure/Vacuum

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Check if the seal material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

4 Electrical connection

4.1 Preparing the connection

Note safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage

Take note of safety instructions for Ex applications



In hazardous areas you should take note of the appropriate regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.

Select power supply

Connect the power supply according to the following diagrams. Oscillators with relay output VB60R/WE60R and contactless electronic switch VB60C/WE60C are designed in protection class 1. To maintain this protection class, it is absolutely necessary that the ground conductor be connected to the internal ground terminal. Take note of the general installation regulations. As a rule, connect VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE to vessel ground (PA), or in case of plastic vessels, to the next ground potential. On the side of the housing there is a ground terminal between the cable entries. This connection serves to drain off electrostatic charges. In Ex applications, the installation regulations for hazardous areas must be given priority.

The data for voltage supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".

Selecting connection cable

The instrument is connected with standard cable with round cross section. An outer cable diameter of $5\dots 9$ mm ($0.2\dots 0.35$ in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland.

If cable with a different diameter or wire cross section is used, exchange the seal or use an appropriate cable connection.



In hazardous areas, only use approved cable connections for VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE.

Select connection cable for Ex applications



Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applications.

4.2 Wiring plan

Relay output

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe condition).

The relays are always shown in non-operative condition.

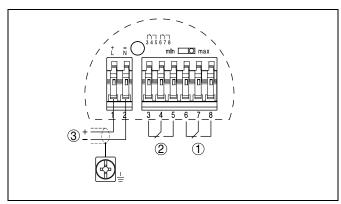


Fig. 9: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

- 1 Relay output
- 2 Relay output
- 3 Voltage supply

Transistor output

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe condition).

The instrument is used to control relays, contactors, magnet valves, warning lights, horns as well as PLC inputs.

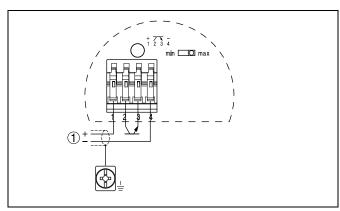


Fig. 10: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

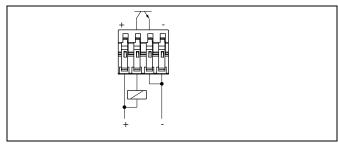


Fig. 11: NPN action

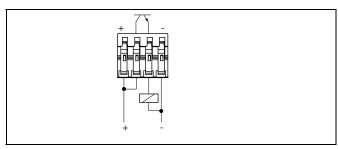


Fig. 12: PNP action

Contactless electronic switch

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe condition).

The contactless electronic switch is always shown in non-operative condition.

The instrument is used for direct control of relays, contactors, magnet valves, warning lights, horns etc. It must not be operated without an intermediately connected load, because the electronics would be destroyed if connected directly to the mains. It is not suitable for connection to low voltage PLC inputs.

Domestic current is temporarily lowered below 1 mA after switching off the load so that contactors, whose holding current is lower than the constant domestic current of the electronics, are reliably switched off.

When VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE is used as part of an overfill protection system according to WHG, also note the regulations of the general type approval.

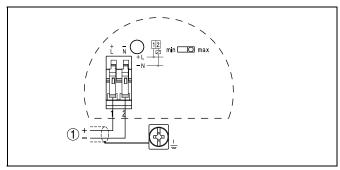


Fig. 13: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

1 Screening

Two-wire output

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe condition).

For connection to a VEGATOR signal conditioning instrument dto. Ex. The sensor is powered by the connected VEGATOR signal conditioning instrument. Further information is available

in chapter "Technical data", "Ex-technical data" are available in the supplied "Safety information manual".

The wiring example is applicable for all suitable signal conditioning instruments.

Take note of the operating instructions manual of the signal conditioning instrument. Suitable signal conditioning instruments are listed in chapter "*Technical data*".

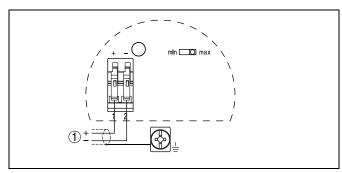


Fig. 14: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply

5 Operation

5.1 Adjustment, general

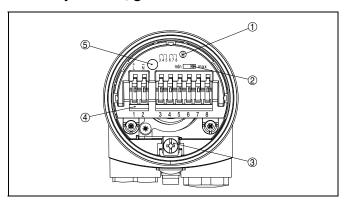


Fig. 15: Adjustment elements electronics module e.g. relay output (VB60R or WE60R)

- 1 Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- 2 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 3 Ground terminal
- 4 Connection terminals
- 5 Indication LED

Switching point adaptation (1)

VEGAVIB

With the potentiometer you can adapt the switching point of VEGAVIB to the solid. It is already preset and must only be modified in special cases.

By default, the potentiometer is set to the right position $(0.05 \dots 1 \text{ g/cm}^3/0.002 \dots 0.036 \text{ lbs/in}^3)$. In very light solids, turn the potentiometer to the left stop $(0.02 \dots 0.1 \text{ g/cm}^3/0.0007 \dots 0.0036 \text{ lbs/in}^3)$. This makes VEGAVIB more sensitive and allows it to detect light solids more reliably.

For very heavy solids leave the potentiometer in right position (> 0.3 g/cm³/0.011 lbs/in³). Hence, VEGAVIB is less sensitive and can shake off heavy solids by strong vibrations.

These values do not apply for instruments detecting solids in water. In such cases, the potentiometer is preset to complete right position and should not be changed.

VEGAWAVE

The VEGAWAVEs with tuning fork are preset to a product density of $> 0.02~\text{g/cm}^3$ (0.0007 lbs/ in³). In very light solids, turn the potentiometer to complete left position 0.008 ... 0.1 g/cm³) (0.0003 ... 0.0036 lbs/in³). By doing this, the tuning fork will be more sensitive and can detect very light solids, such as e. g. Aerosils more reliably.

Mode adjustment (2)

With the mode adjustment (min./max.) you can change the switching condition of the output. You can set the required mode (max. - max. detection or overfill protection, min. - min. detection or dry run protection).

LED display (5)

Diode for indication of the switching status.

Simulation key (only with NAMUR and two-wire electronics)

The simulation key of the NAMUR electronics is lowered on the upper side of the electronics module. On the two-wire electronics, the simulation key is located on the signal conditioning instrument. Push the simulation key with a suitable object (screwdriver, pen, etc.).

When the key is pushed, a line break between sensor and processing unit is simulated. The signal lamp on the sensor extinguishes. The measuring system must signal a fault and take on a safe condition when the key is pushed.

Keep in mind that downstream connected instruments will be activated during operation. This allows you to check the correct function of the measuring system.

6 Technical data

General data

Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435

- Extension tube (VEGAWAVE 61): ø 43 mm (1.692 in)

VEGAVIB 61/VEGAWAVE 61

Materials, wetted parts

- Process fitting - thread 316L

- Process fitting - flange 316L

- Seal Klingersil C-4400

- Vibrating element - VEGAVIB 316L/318S13 (1.4462)

- Vibrating element - VEGAWAVE 316L

- Extension tube (VEGAVIB 61): Ø 29 mm (1.14 in) 316L

Materials, non-wetted parts

Housing
 Seal between housing and housing cover
 Ground terminal
 Plastic PBT (polyester), Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L
 NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Alu/plastic housing)
 316Ti/316L

316L

316Ti/316L

Weight

VEGAVIB 61 - plastic housing
VEGAVIB 61 - Aluminium housing
VEGAVIB 61 - stainless steel housing
VEGAVIB 61 - stainless steel housing
VEGAWAVE 61 - plastic housing
VEGAWAVE 61 - Aluminium housing
VEGAWAVE 61 - stainless steel housing

VEGAVIB 62/VEGAWAVE 62

Materials, wetted parts

- Process fitting - thread 316L

- Process fitting - flange 316L

- Seal CR, CSM

- Vibrating element - VEGAVIB 316L/318S1

Vibrating element - VEGAVIB
 Vibrating element - VEGAWAVE
 316L/318S13 (1.4462)
 316L

- Suspension cable PUR

Materials, non-wetted parts

HousingSeal between housing and housing cover

Ground terminal

Weight

- VEGAVIB 62 - plastic housing 1150 g (40 oz) 1600 g (56 oz) - VEGAVIB 62 - Aluminium housing - VEGAVIB 62 - stainless steel housing 1950 g (69 oz) - VEGAWAVE 62 - plastic housing 1500 g (53 oz) 1950 g (69 oz) - VEGAWAVE 62 - Aluminium housing - VEGAWAVE 62 - stainless steel housing 2300 g (81 oz) - Suspension cable 165 g/m (1.8 oz/ft) Max. permissible tensile load 3000 N (675 lbs)

Sensor length 0.48 ... 80 m (1.575 ... 262.47 ft)

VEGAVIB 63/VEGAWAVE 63

Materials, wetted parts

- Process fitting - thread 316L

- Process fitting - flange 316L

- Seal Klinge

Seal
 Vibrating element - VEGAVIB
 Vibrating element - VEGAWAVE
 Klingersil C-4400
 316L/318S13 (1.4462)
 316L

Extension tube (VEGAVIB 63): Ø 29 mm (1.14 in)
 Extension tube (VEGAWAVE 63): Ø 43 mm (1.692 in)
 316L

Materials, non-wetted parts

- Housing

Seal between housing and housing cover

Ground terminal

Plastic PBT (polyester), Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Alu/plastic housing) 316Ti/316L

Plastic PBT (polyester), Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L

NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Alu/plastic housing)

Weight

- VEGAVIB 63 - plastic housing 1150 g (40 oz) 1600 g (56 oz) - VEGAVIB 63 - Aluminium housing 1950 g (69 oz) VEGAVIB 63 - stainless steel housing - VEGAWAVE 63 - plastic housing 1500 g (53 oz) VEGAWAVE 63 - Aluminium housing 1950 g (69 oz) - VEGAWAVE 63 - stainless steel housing 2300 g (81 oz) - Extension tube (VEGAVIB 63): ø 29 mm (1.14 in) 1450 g/m (15.6 oz/ft) - Extension tube (VEGAWAVE 63): ø 43 mm (1.692 in) 2000 g/m (21.5 oz/ft) 0.3 ... 4 m (0.984 ... 13.12 ft)

Sensor length

Max. lateral load - VEGAVIB 63 140 Nm (103 lbf ft), 400 N (90 lbf) - VEGAWAVE 63 290 Nm (214 lbf ft), 600 N (135 lbf)

Output variable

Relay output

Output Relay output (DPDT), 2 floating spdts

Turn-on voltage

10 mV - Min.

- Max. 253 V AC, 253 V DC

Switching current

- Min. 10 μA

- Max. 3 A AC, 1 A DC

Breaking capacity

- Max. 1250 VA, 50 W Contact material (relay contacts) AgCdO and Au plated

Modes (adjustable) Min./Max.

Delay time approx.

- When immersed 0.5 s - When laid bare 1 s

Transistor output

floating transistor output, overload and permanently shortcircuit proof Output

Load current < 400 mA Turn-on voltage < 55 V DC < 100 µA Blocking current Modes (adjustable) Min./Max.

Delay time approx.

- When immersed 0.5 s- When laid bare 1 s

Contactless electronic switch

Contactless electronic switch Output

Modes (adjustable) Min./Max.

Delay time approx.

0.5 s - When immersed - When laid bare 1 s

Two-wire output

Output Two-wire output

Suitable signal conditioning instruments VEGATOR 536Ex, 537Ex, 636Ex

Output signal

Mode min. Vibrating element uncovered: 16 mA ±1 mA, vibrating element covered:

8 mA ±1 mA

- Mode max. Vibrating element uncovered: 8 mA ±1 mA, vibrating element covered:

16 mA ±1 mA

- Fault message < 2 mA Modes (adjustable) Min./Max. Delay time approx.

When immersedWhen laid bare1 s

NAMUR output

Output Two-wire NAMUR output

Current consumption

Falling characteristics (max.)
 ≥ 2.2 mA uncovered/≤ 1 mA covered
 Rising characteristics (min.)
 ≤ 1 mA uncovered/≥ 2.2 mA covered
 Fault message
 ≤ 1 mA

Necessary processing system according to IEC 60947-5-6 (EN 50227/ DIN 19234)

Modes (NAMUR output adjustable to falling or rising characteristics)

Min.
 Max.
 rising characteristic curve (High current when immersed)
 falling characteristics (Low current when immersed)

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature on the housing $-40 \dots +70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-40 \dots +158 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$ Storage and transport temperature $-40 \dots +80 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-40 \dots +176 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$

Process conditions

VEGAVIB 61, 63/VEGAWAVE 61, 63

Parameter Limit level of solids

Process pressure
- VEGAVIB 61, 63
- VEGAWAVE 61, 63

-1 ... 16 bar/-100 ... 1600 kPa (-14.5 ... 232 psi) with PN 40 -1 ... 25 bar/-100 ... 2500 kPa (-14.5 ... 363 psi) with PN 40

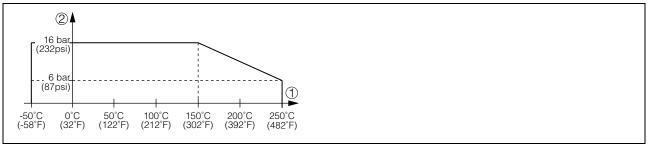


Fig. 16: Process pressure - Product temperature VEGAVIB 61, 63

- 1 Product temperature
- 2 Process pressure

Process temperature VEGAVIB / VEGAWAVE of 316L Process temperature (thread or flange temperature) with temperature adapter (option) -50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F) -50 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F)

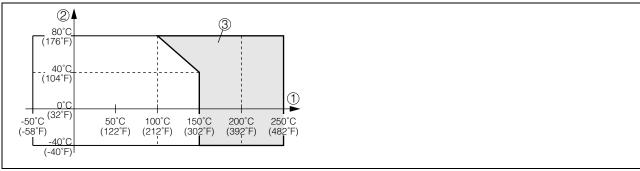


Fig. 17: Ambient temperature - Product temperature

- 1 Product temperature
- 2 Ambient temperature
- 3 Temperature range with temperature adapter

Product density

VEGAVIB 61, 63
 VEGAWAVE 61, 63
 VEGAWAVE 61, 63
 0.002 g/cm³ (0.0003 lbs/in³)
 0.008 g/cm³ (0.0003 lbs/in³)

Granular size

VEGAVIB 61, 63
 VEGAWAVE 61, 63
 Ø 10 mm (0.394 in)
 Ø 15 mm (0.59 in)

VEGAVIB 62/VEGAWAVE 62

Parameter Limit level of solids

Process pressure $-1 \dots 6$ bar/-100 $\dots 600$ kPa (-14.5 $\dots 87$ psi) with PN 40

Process temperature VEGAVIB 62, VEGAWAVE 62 of 316L -20 ... +80 °C (-4 ... +176 °F)

Product density

- VEGAVIB 62 > 0.02 g/cm³ (0.0007 lbs/in³)

VEGAWAVE 62 > 0.008 g/cm³ (0.0003 lbs/in³)
 Granular size

VEGAVIB 62
 VEGAWAVE 62
 > Ø 10 mm (0.394 in)
 > Ø 15 mm (0.59 in)

Electromechanical data

Cable entry/plug (dependent on the version)

Single chamber housing

 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5 (cable: Ø 5 ... 9 mm), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; attached 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5

or:

• 1 x cable entry $\frac{1}{2}$ NPT, 1 x blind stopper $\frac{1}{2}$ NPT, 1 x cable entry $\frac{1}{2}$ NPT or:

• 1 x plug M12 x 1; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5

Spring-loaded terminals for wire cross-section up to 1.5 mm² (AWG 16)

Adjustment elements

Electronics versions - relay, transistor output, contactless electronic switch

Mode switch

Min. detection or dry run protection
 Max. Max. detection or overfill protection

Electronics version - two-wire output

Mode switch

- Min. Vibrating element uncovered: 16 mA ±1 mA Vibrating element covered:

8 mA ±1 mA

- Max. Vibrating element uncovered: 8 mA ±1 mA Vibrating element covered:

16 mA ±1 mA

Electronics version - NAMUR output

Mode switch

- Min. rising characteristic curve (High current when immersed) - Max.

falling characteristics (Low current when immersed)

Voltage supply

Relay output

Supply voltage 20 ... 253 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 20 ... 72 V DC (at U > 60 V DC, the ambient

temperature can be max. 50 °C/122 °F)

Power consumption 1 ... 8 VA (AC), approx. 1.3 W (DC)

Transistor output

10 ... 55 V DC Supply voltage

Max. power consumption 0.5 W

Contactless electronic switch

20 ... 253 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 20 ... 253 V DC Supply voltage

Domestic current requirement approx. 3 mA (via load circuit)

Load current

- Min. 10 mA

400 mA (at I > 300 mA the ambient temperature can be max. 60 °C/140 °F) - Max.

max. 4 A up to 40 ms

Two-wire output

Supply voltage 10 ... 36 V DC (via the VEGA signal conditioning instrument)

NAMUR output

Supply voltage (standard characteristics) for connection to an amplifier according to NAMUR IEC 60947-5-6, ap-

prox. 8.2 V

Open-circuit voltage U₀ approx. 8.2 V Shortcircuit current I_U approx. 8.2 mA

Electrical protective measures

Electronics versions - relay output, contactless electronic switch

Protection IP 66/IP 67

Ш Overvoltage category Protection class I

Electronics versions - Transistor, two-wire, NAMUR output

Protection IP 66/IP 67

Overvoltage category Ш Protection class Ш

Approvals - VEGAVIB

VEGAVIB 61, 63 - electronics versions - relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch

ATEX ATEX II 1/2G, 2G EEx d IIC T1 ... T6

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T + ATEX II 1/2G, 2G EEx d IIC T1 ... T6

FM (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG FΜ

FM (XP) CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG **CSA**

CSA (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

CSA (XP) CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

IFC: Ex tD A20/21, A21 IP66T

VEGAVIB 61, 63 - electronics version - two-wire output, NAMUR output

ATEX ATEX II 1G, 1/2G, 2G EEx ia IIC T6

ATEX II 1/2G, 2G EEx d IIC T1 ... T6

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T + ATEX II 1G, 1/2G, 2G EEx ia IIC T6 ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T + ATEX II 1/2G, 2G EEx d IIC T1 ... T6

FM (IS) CL I, II, III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG FM (only two-wire version)

FM (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

FM (XP) CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

CSA (only two-wire version) CSA (IS) CL I, II, III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG

CSA (XP) CL I, DIV 1, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

Ex tD A20/21, A21 IP66T

VEGAVIB 62 - electronics versions - relay output, transistor output, contactless electronic switch

ATEX ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T

FΜ FM (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

CSA (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG **CSA IEC**

Ex tD A20/21, A21 IP66T

VEGAVIB 62 - electronics version - two-wire output, NAMUR output

ATEX ATEX II 1G, 1/2G, 2G EEx ia IIC T6

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T

ATEX II 1D, 1/2D, 2D IP66T + ATEX II 1G, 1/2G, 2G EEx ia IIC T6

IEC Ex tD A20/21, A21 IP66T

FM (IS) CL I, II, III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG FM (only two-wire version)

FM (NI) CL I, DIV 2, GP ABCD; (DIP) CL II, III, DIV 1, GP EFG

CSA (only two-wire version) CSA (IS) CL I, II, III DIV 1, GP ABCDEFG

IEC Ex tD A20/21, A21 IP66T

CE conformity

Electronics versions - Relay, transistor, two-wire, NAMUR output

EMVG (89/336/EWG), Emission: EN 61326: 1997 (class B),

Susceptibility: EN 61326: 1997/A1: 1998 LVD (73/23/EWG), EN 61010-1: 2001

Electronics version - contactless electronic switch

EMVG (89/336/EWG), Emission: EN 61326/A1: 1998 (class

B), Susceptibility: EN 61326: 1997/A1: 1998 LVD (73/23/EWG), EN 61010-1: 2001

7 Dimensions

Housing

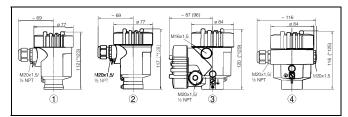


Fig. 18: Housing versions

- 1 Plastic housing
- 2 Stainless steel housing
- 3 Aluminium double chamber housing
- 4 Aluminium housing

VEGAVIB 61

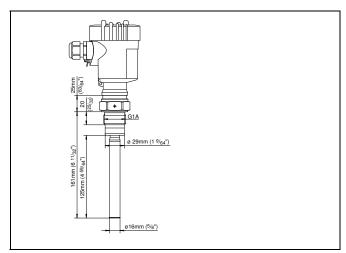


Fig. 19: VEGAVIB 61 - threaded version G1

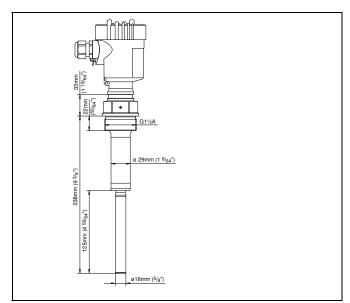


Fig. 20: VEGAVIB 61 - threaded version G11/2

VEGAVIB 62

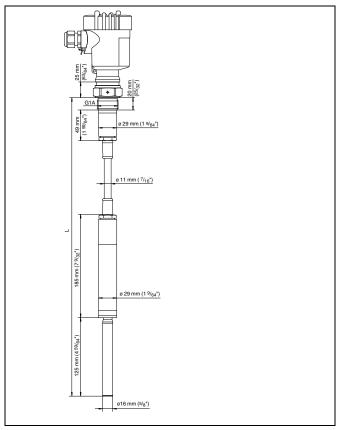


Fig. 21: VEGAVIB 62 - threaded version G1

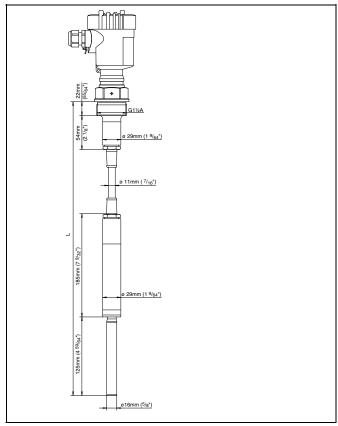


Fig. 22: VEGAVIB 62 - threaded version G1 $\frac{1}{2}$

VEGAVIB 63

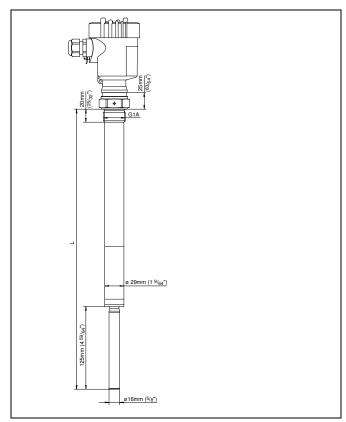


Fig. 23: VEGAVIB 63 - threaded version G1

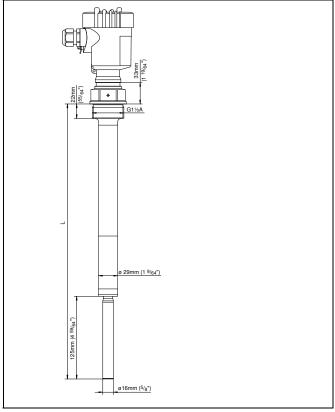


Fig. 24: VEGAVIB 63 - threaded version G11/2

VEGAWAVE 61

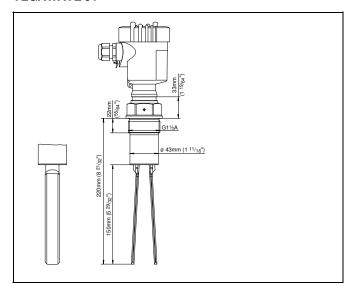


Fig. 25: VEGAWAVE 61 - threaded version G1 $\frac{1}{2}$

VEGAWAVE 62

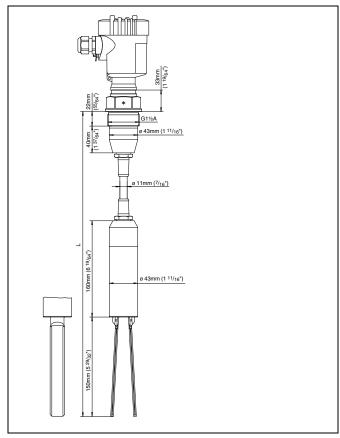


Fig. 26: VEGAWAVE 62 - threaded version G11/2

VEGAWAVE 63

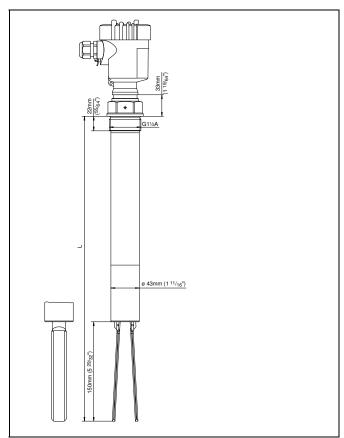


Fig. 27: VEGAWAVE 63 - threaded version G11/2

Temperature adapter

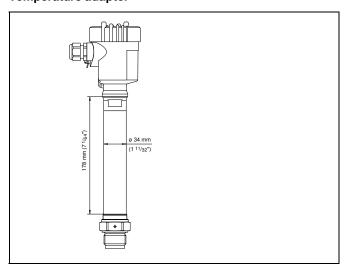
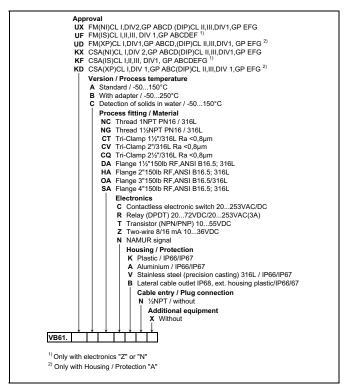


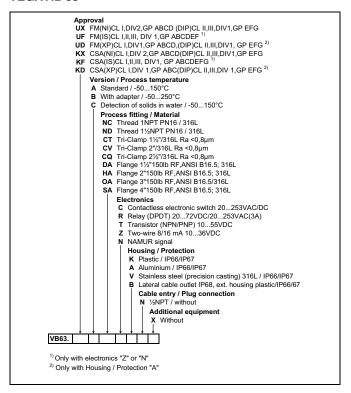
Fig. 28: Temperature adapter (only for VEGAVIB 61, 63 and VEGAWAVE 61, 63)

8 Product code

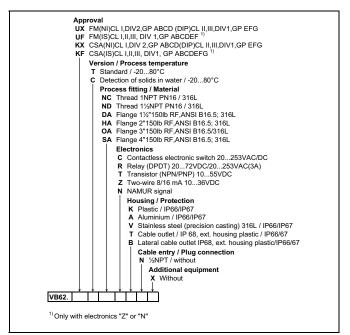
VEGAVIB 61



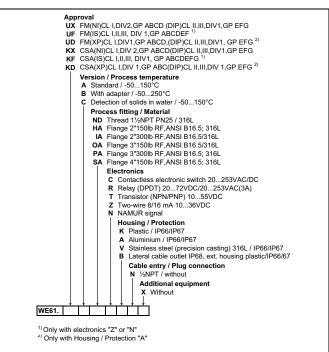
VEGAVIB 63



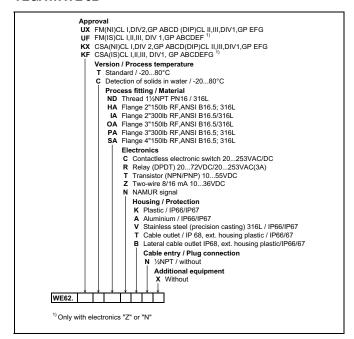
VEGAVIB 62



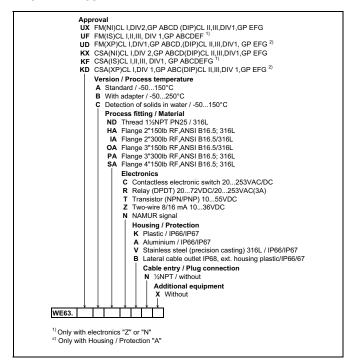
VEGAWAVE 61



VEGAWAVE 62



VEGAWAVE 63







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