



Neuroligin 1/2/3/4

Cat.No. 129 011; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 100 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 µg purified IgG, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 100 µl H ₂ O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Then aliquot and store at -20°C until use.
Applications	WB: 1 : 1000 (AP staining) IP: yes ICC: not recommended IHC: not recommended IHC-P/FFPE: not tested yet ELISA: yes
Clone	4F9
Subtype	IgG2a (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 695 from rat Neuroligin1 (UniProt Id: Q62765)
Epitop	Epitop: AA 1 to 695 from rat Neuroligin1 (UniProt Id: Q62765)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (Q62765, Q62888, Q62889,), mouse (Q99K10, Q69ZK9, Q8BYM5, B0F2B4). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Recognizes rat and mouse neuroligins 1-3 and mouse neuroligin 4. (K.O. verified)

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Neuroligins form a family of postsynaptic cell surface molecules that interact with β-neurexins. They are 110-120 kDa polypeptides with homology to acetylcholine esterase. Neuroligin 1 and neuroligin 3 are specifically localized to post-synaptic densities of excitatory synapses whereas neuroligin 2 is found exclusively on inhibitory synapses.

Mutations in neuroligin 3 and neuroligin 4 have been implicated with a rare, heritable form of autism.

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Selected References SYSY Antibodies

The synaptic proteins neurexins and neuroligins are widely expressed in the vascular system and contribute to its functions.
Bottos A, Destro E, Rissone A, Graziano S, Cordara G, Assenzio B, Cera MR, Mascia L, Bussolino F, Arese M

Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2009) 106(49): 20782-7. **IHC, WB, IP; tested species: chicken**

Synapsin-dependent reserve pool of synaptic vesicles supports replenishment of the readily releasable pool under intense synaptic transmission.

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The European journal of neuroscience (2012) 36(8): 3005-20. **ELISA**

Truncated tau deregulates synaptic markers in rat model for human tauopathy.

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Fujita-Jimbo E, Tanabe Y, Yu Z, Kojima K, Mori M, Li H, Iwamoto S, Yamagata T, Momoi MY, Momoi T

Molecular autism (2015) 6: 17. **WB**

Neuroligin 1 is dynamically exchanged at postsynaptic sites.

Schapitz IU, Behrend B, Pechmann Y, Lappe-Siefke C, Kneussel SJ, Wallace KE, Stempel AV, Buck F, Grant SG, Schweizer M, Schmitz D, et al.

The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2010) 30(38): 12733-44. **WB; tested species: rat**

Postsynaptic neuroligin enhances presynaptic inputs at neuronal nicotinic synapses.

Conroy WG, Nai Q, Ross B, Naughton G, Berg DK

Developmental biology (2007) 307(1): 79-91. **WB**

A mutation linked with autism reveals a common mechanism of endoplasmic reticulum retention for the alpha,beta-hydrolase fold protein family.

De Jaco A, Comoletti D, Kovarik Z, Gaietta G, Radic Z, Lockridge O, Ellisman MH, Taylor P

The Journal of biological chemistry (2006) 281(14): 9667-76. **WB**

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Chih B, Engelmann H, Scheiffele P

Science (New York, N.Y.) (2005) 307(5713): 1324-8. **WB**

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Neuron (2007) 54(6): 919-31.

Dissection of synapse induction by neuroligins: effect of a neuroligin mutation associated with autism.

Chubykin AA, Liu X, Comoletti D, Tsigely I, Taylor P, Südhof TC

The Journal of biological chemistry (2005) 280(23): 22365-74.

Neuroligin 2 is exclusively localized to inhibitory synapses.

Varoqueaux F, Jamain S, Brose N

European journal of cell biology (2004) 83(9): 449-56.

Synaptic targeting of neuroligin is independent of neurexin and SAP90/PSD95 binding.

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The making of neurexins.

Missler M, Fernandez-Chacon R, Südhof TC

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Structures, alternative splicing, and neurexin binding of multiple neuroligins.

Ichtchenko K, Nguyen T, Südhof TC

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Neuroligin 1: a splice site-specific ligand for beta-neurexins.

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Cell (1995) 81(3): 435-43.