

Calretinin

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Cat.No. 214 111C5; Monoclonal mouse antibody, 100 µg purified IgG (lyophilized)

## **Data Sheet**

Reconstitution/ Storage	100 μg purified IgG, lyophilized, fluorescence-labeled with Oyster <sup>®</sup> 650. Rabbit serum albumin was added for stabilization. For reconstitution add 100 μl H <sub>2</sub> O to get a 1mg/ml solution in PBS. Either add 1:1 (v/v) glycerol, then aliquot and store at -20°C until use, or store aliquots at -80°C without additives.  Reconstitute immediately upon receipt! Avoid bright light when working with the antibody to minimize photo bleeching of the fluorescent dye.The mounting agent Aquatex <sup>®</sup> (Merck Chemicals) is not compatible with Oyster dyes!
Applications	WB: N/A IP: N/A ICC: 1: 500 IHC: 1: 200 up to 1: 500 IHC-P/FFPE: not tested yet
Label	Oyster 650
Clone	37C9
Subtype	IgG1 (κ light chain)
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 1 to 271 from mouse Calretinin (UniProt Id: Q08331)
Epitop	Epitop: AA 1 to 271 from mouse Calretinin (UniProt Id: Q08331)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (P47728), mouse (Q08331), human (P22676), zebrafish. Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for calretinin / calbindin D29k.
matching control	214-1P

## TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

Two isoforms of the the vitamin D-dependent Ca-binding proteins have been described so far: **Calretinin**, also referred to as calbindin D29k, calbindin 2, CALB 2, CAL 2, and CAB 29, and calbindin D28k. These proteins are expressed in cells that have to handle a high calcium influx such as brain, bone, teeth, inner ear and others. Calbindins are believed to regulate cellular activity by suppressing or buffering intracellur calcium.

## **Selected General References**

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