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VGLUT 1

Cat.No. 135 307; Polyclonal goat antibody, 200 µl antiserum (lyophilized)

Data Sheet

Reconstitution/ Storage	200 μl antiserum, lyophilized. For reconstitution add 200 μl $H_2O,$ then aliquot and store at -20°C until use.
Applications	WB: 1 : 1000 (AP staining) (see remarks) IP: yes ICC: 1 : 500 IHC: 1 : 300 IHC-P/FFPE: not tested yet
Immunogen	Recombinant protein corresponding to AA 456 to 560 from rat VGLUT1 (UniProt Id: Q62634)
Reactivity	Reacts with: rat (Q62634), mouse (Q3TXX4). Other species not tested yet.
Specificity	Specific for VGLUT 1. (K.O. verified)
matching control	135-3P
Remarks	WB : VGLUT 1 aggregates after boiling, making it necessary to run SDS-PAGE with non-boiled samples. This antibody is highly recommended as marker for glutamatergic nerve terminals and gives excellent results in ICC.

TO BE USED IN VITRO / FOR RESEARCH ONLY NOT TOXIC, NOT HAZARDOUS, NOT INFECTIOUS, NOT CONTAGIOUS

The vesicular glutamate transporter 1 VGLUT 1, also referred to as BNPI and SLC17A7, was originally identified as a brain specific phosphate transporter. Like the related VGLUT 2, VGLUT 1 is both necessary and sufficient for uptake and storage of glutamate and thus comprises the sole determinant for a glutamatergic phenotype. Both VGLUTs are different from the plasma membrane transporters in that they are driven by a proton electrochemical gradient across the vesicle membrane.

VGLUT 1 and VGLUT 2 show complementary expression patterns. Together, they are currently the best markers for glutamatergic nerve terminals and glutamatergic synapses.

Selected References SYSY Antibodies

Puncta of neuronal nitric oxide synthase (nNOS) mediate NMDA-receptor signalling in the auditory midbrain. Olthof BM, Gartside SE, Rees A The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (2018) : . **IHC**

PSD-95 promotes the stabilization of young synaptic contacts. Taft CE, Turrigiano GG Philosophical transactions of the Royal Society of London. Series B, Biological sciences (2014) 369(1633): 20130134. **ICC; tested species: rat**

Selected General References

Identification of a vesicular glutamate transporter that defines a glutamatergic phenotype in neurons. Takamori S, Rhee JS, Rosenmund C, Jahn R Nature (2000) 407(6801): 189-94.

Uptake of glutamate into synaptic vesicles by an inorganic phosphate transporter. Bellocchio EE, Reimer RJ, Fremeau RT, Edwards RH Science (New York, N.Y.) (2000) 289(5481): 957-60.

The localization of the brain-specific inorganic phosphate transporter suggests a specific presynaptic role in glutamatergic transmission.

Bellocchio EE, Hu H, Pohorille A, Chan J, Pickel VM, Edwards RH The Journal of neuroscience : the official journal of the Society for Neuroscience (1998) 18(21): 8648-59.

Cloning and expression of a cDNA encoding a brain-specific Na(+)-dependent inorganic phosphate cotransporter. Ni B, Rosteck PR, Nadi NS, Paul SM Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (1994) 91(12): 5607-11.