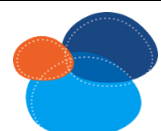


## Antibody Datasheet

<b>Product Name:</b>	Mouse anti SARS Coronavirus nucleoprotein
<b>Clone number:</b>	3851
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG2b
<b>Product code:</b>	MAB12184-100
<b>Batch Number:</b>	
<b>Amount:</b>	0.1mg
<b>Concentration:</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Buffer:</b>	Phosphate Buffered Saline pH7.2
<b>Preservative:</b>	0.09% Sodium Azide (NaN <sub>3</sub> )
<b>Purification:</b>	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography on protein A
<b>Specificity:</b>	This antibody is specific for the nucleocapsid protein of Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) Coronavirus. The antibody does not react with human Coronavirus 229E and OC43, feline FIP-1, FIP-2, canine Coronavirus TGEV or mouse Hepatitis virus.
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA, IFA, WB
<b>Antigen background:</b>	Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) is a lower respiratory tract illness that was first reported in patients from the Guangdong Province of China in November 2002. The causative agent, which was previously unknown, was isolated in 2003 and named as SARS Coronavirus (SARS-CoV). The SARS Coronavirus is an enveloped, single-stranded, positive RNA virus of the family <i>Coronaviridae</i> ( <a href="#">NCBI</a> ) The virus is thought to have a zoonotic origin, with the horseshoe bat being the primary natural reservoir, but this has not been confirmed. Mammals, including the palm civet, may act as intermediate hosts.



In 2003, the SARS Coronavirus spread rapidly and affected over 8,000 people in 26 countries. The rapid spread of SARS-CoV is thought to be due to person-to-person transmission of the virus via aerosol droplets or close contact with infected individuals. Since the end of the SARS-CoV epidemic, cases of SARS infection have only occurred in laboratory workers that have been accidentally infected ([WHO](#)).

The symptoms of SARS infection are like influenza and include fever, malaise, muscle pain, headache, diarrhoea and shivering. Clinical symptoms may also include coughing and shortness of breath. Respiratory distress may rapidly develop in some patients, resulting in death. SARS disease has a high rate of mortality and resulted in 774 deaths during the first epidemic in 2003.

Currently, no licenced vaccine is available for the prevention of SARS infection. SARS infection continues to be of global health concern due to the rapid spread of the virus, the high mortality rate and the fears of a future SARS outbreak.

**References:**

NCBI: Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus

World Health Organization: SARS (Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome)

**Storage:**

Store at +4<sup>0</sup>C for up to three months, or at -20<sup>0</sup>C for longer.

The Antibody is shipped at ambient temperature.  
Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

