

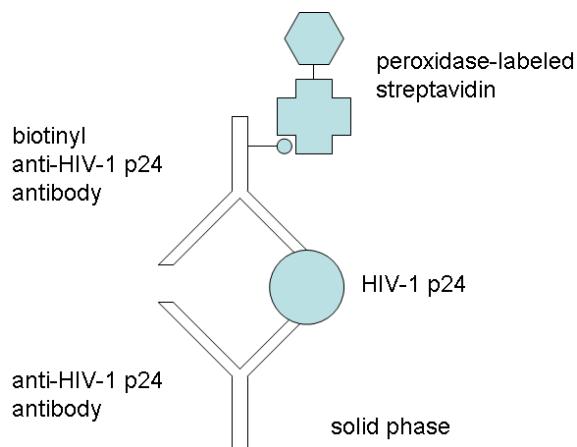
## HIV-1 p24 ELISA Kit "BioAcademia"

80-001      1 kit 96 assays

This kit is used to measure handily the amounts of HIV-1 Gag p24 antigen in cell culture medium and of the lentivirus vectors derived from HIV-1 by a sandwich ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay) method. Since p24 antigen is a structure protein of HIV-1, the virus amounts in the sample can be measured from the value of p24 titration.

### [Principle of the test]

This kit is made based on the principle of a sandwich ELISA method using an antibody coated plate as a solid phase, a biotinyl antibody and a peroxidase-labeled streptavidin.



### [Advantage of this kit]

- **p24 of subtype AE can be measured** at the same sensitivity as subtype B, because affinity purified polyclonal antibody raised against the full length recombinant p24 is used.
- **Risk-free kit**, because neither patient sera nor active virus products are used.
- **Assay can be performed at room temperature**.

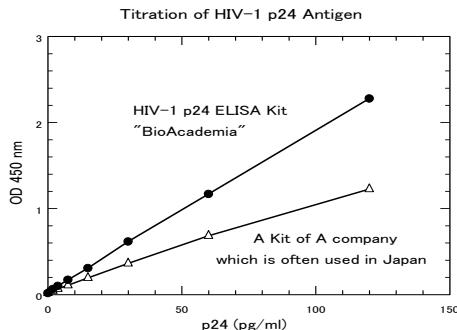
### [Preservation and Expiration Date]

**Storage :** 2 – 8°C (Please don't freeze.)

**Expiration date for use:** 1 year from the shipping date

### [Required Reagent, Apparatus and Equipment]

1. Deionized water
2. Test tubes or microtubes (for sample preparation)
3. Micropipettes and tips
4. Microplate reader



**Figure   Standard curve of HIV-1 p24 measurement by the 2 hour assay.**

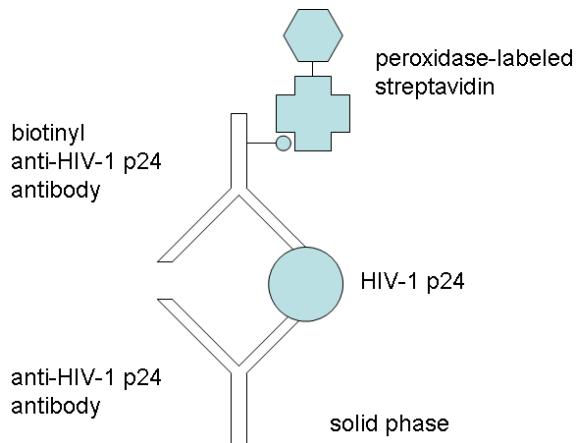
## HIV-1 p24 ELISA Kit "BioAcademia" Instruction Manual

### [Usage]

This kit can measure the amounts of HIV-1 Gag p24 antigen in cell culture medium and of the lentivirus vectors derived from HIV-1 handily by a sandwich ELISA (Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay) method. Since p24 antigen is a structure protein of HIV-1, the virus amounts in the sample can be measured from titration of p24 with this kit.

### [Principle of the test]

This kit is made based on the principle of a sandwich ELISA method using an antibody coated plate as a solid phase, a biotinyl antibody and a peroxidase-labeled streptavidin.



### [Materials]

1. Antigen Standard : recombinant HIV-1 p24 (120 pg/ml)	3 tubes (1.0 ml x 3)
2. Antigen Diluent : phosphate buffer	1 bottle (25 ml)
3. Sample Buffer : 10% Triton X-100	1 bottle (25 ml)
4. Wash Buffer : phosphate buffer (Please dilute 20-fold.)	1 bottle (30 ml)
5. Antibody Coated Plate : anti-HIV-1 p24 antibody-coated microplate	8 wells x 12 strips
6. Biotinyl Antibody : biotinyl anti-HIV-1 p24 antibody (101-fold concentrated solution. An animal serum is included.)	1 bottle (200 µl)
7. Biotinyl Antibody Diluent : phosphate buffer, 2% casein	1 bottle (15 ml)
8. Enzyme-Labeled (101-fold concentrated solution): peroxidase-labeled streptavidin	1 tube (200 µl)
9. Enzyme-Labeled Diluent : HEPES buffer, 1% BSA	1 bottle (15 ml)
10. Substrate Solution : 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine/H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	1 bottle (20 ml)
11. Stop Solution : 0.5 M sulfuric acid	1 bottle (20 ml)
12. Plate Sealer :	3 seats

**[Preservation and Expiration Date]**

Storage : 2 – 8°C (Please don't freeze.)

Expiration date for use : 1 year from shipping date

**[Required Reagent, Apparatus and Equipment]**

1. Deionized water
2. Test tubes or microtubes (for sample preparation)
3. Micropipettes and tips
4. Microplate reader

**[Test Procedure]****Step 1**

- 1) Dilute Antigen Standard (120 pg/ml) with Antigen Diluent. The ideal concentrations are 0, 7.5, 15, 30, 60 pg/ml.
- 2) Add 1/10 volume of Sample Buffer to specimen for the isolation of p24 antigen from HIV-1, and then dilute with Antigen Diluent to 10 – 100 pg/ml of antigen concentration.

**Step 2**

- 1) Wash each well of Antibody Coated Plate with 350 µl of 20-fold diluted Wash Buffer twice.
- 2) Add 200 µl of the diluted Antigen Standard or specimen solutions into the washed wells, and incubate at 37°C\* for 2 hours.
- 3) Remove the solutions in the wells by aspiration, and wash the wells with 350 µl of 20-fold diluted Wash Buffer three times\*\*.

**Step 3**

- 1) Dilute Biotinyl Antibody 101-fold with Biotinyl Antibody Diluent.
- 2) Add 100 µl of the diluted Biotinyl Antibody into the washed wells, and incubate at 37°C\* for 1 hour.
- 3) Remove the solutions in the wells by aspiration, and wash the wells with 350 µl of 20-fold diluted Wash Buffer three times\*\*.

**Step 4**

- 1) Dilute Enzyme-Labeled 101-fold with Enzyme-Labeled Diluent.
- 2) Add 100 µl of the diluted Enzyme-Labeled into the washed wells, and incubate at 37°C\* for 30 minutes.
- 3) Remove the solutions in the wells by aspiration, and wash the wells with 350 µl of 20-fold diluted Wash Buffer three times\*\*.

**Step 5**

- 1) Add 100 µl of Substrate Solution into the washed wells, and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 2) Add 100 µl of Stop Solution into the wells, and read the optical density at 450 nm of the wells using a microplate reader within 10 minutes.

\* : Please incubate at 37°C during all procedure except for step 5. (The incubations are also possible at



room temperature, but the coloring level becomes low.).

\*\* : Three times are usually enough for washing, but if the measure of antigen amount 0 isn't fixed, please increase the washing number of times after the incubations.

\*\*\*: Please use Plate Sealer supplied at long incubation.

#### [Precautions]

1. This kit is for research only and it can't be used for diagnostic use.
2. A user has to consider and treat infectibility samples safely.
3. A user must be careful about handling and disposal of Stop Solution sufficiently, because it is strong acid.

#### [Reference]

1. White E L *et al* “Safety factors involved in the extraction of biologically active proteins from human immunodeficiency virus.” *J Virol Methods* **70**: 113-115 (1998) PMID: [9506820](#)

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