

Anti-Pertussis Toxin antibody, rabbit antiserum

64-030, 100 µl

Perrtussis toxin (PT) is a protein-based AB5-type exotoxin produced by *Bordeterra pertussis*. PT catalyzes the ADP-ribosylation of the α subunits of the heterotrimeric guanine nucleotide regulatory proteins Gi, Go, and Gt and prevents intracellular signal transduction involving the G proteins. PT consists of one moplecule of each S1 (26 kDa), S2 (22 kDa), S3 (22 kDa), S5 (12 kDa) and two molecule of S4 (12 kDa). This product was highly purified (>90% pure) from *Bordetella pertussis* strain Tohama by the method of Skelton & Wong¹⁾. Cytotoxicity of the PT was confirmed by morphological alteration of CHO cells after treatment with 0.1 ng/ml of PT (see the Figure below).

Applications:

1. Western blotting (1/2,000~1/10,000 dilution)
2. ELISA (1/10,000~1/20,000 dilution)
3. Dot blotting (1/2,000~1/10,000 dilution)
4. Immunoprecipitation (1/200~1/500 dilution)
5. Neutralising (Assay dependent)

Other applications have not been tested.

Immunogen: Immunization was Initiated with toxoid and boosted with native toxin (BioAcademia 01-503)

Product: Whole rabbit antiserum added with 0.09% sodium azide

Storage: Sent at 4°C, and upon arrival, spin-down and store at -20°C

Data Link: Swiss-Prot [Pertussis toxin](#)

References: Alouf JE & Popoff MR (Ed.) The comprehensive Sourcebook of Bacterial Protein Toxins 3rd Ed. Academic Press (2006)

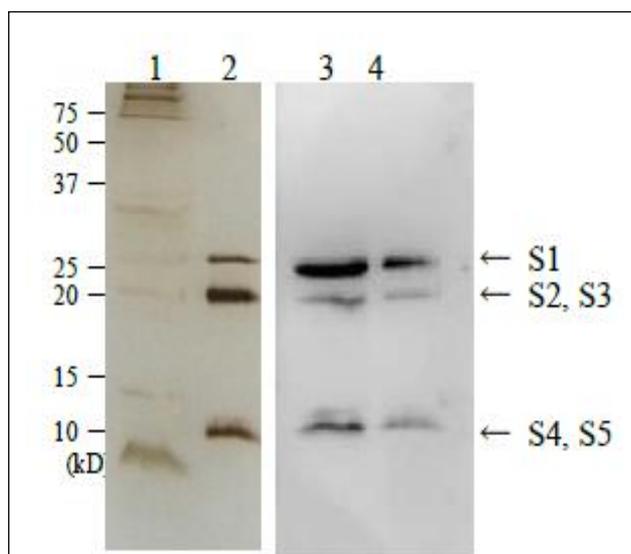


Fig.1. Detection of perussis toxin in culture medium of *Bordeterra pertussis* strain Tohama by Western blotting using anti-perussis toxin antibody.

1. Culture medium of *Bordeterra pertussis*. SDS-PAGE, silver-stained
 2. Purified pertussis toxin (200 ng). SDS-PAGE, silver-stained
 3. Western blot of culture medium of *Bordeterra pertussis* as in 1.
 4. Western blot of purified pertussis toxin (10 ng)
- The toxin consists of five subunits as indicated by S1 to

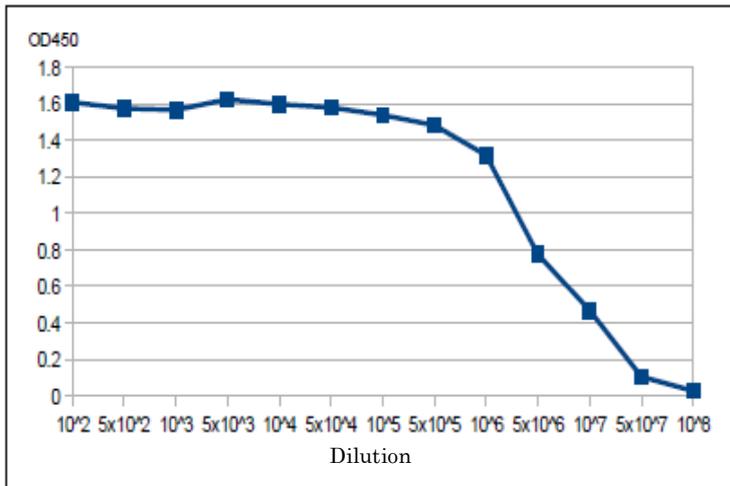


Fig.2. Titration of antibody reactivity of anti-Pertussis antiserum by direct ELISA
 Plate was coated with 100 μ g of pertussis toxin per well and 100 μ l of the antiserum at the indicated dilution was added to each well and incubated. After washing, goat anti-rabbit-IgG conjugated with HRP was added as 2nd antibody. Color was developed with TMB as substrate.

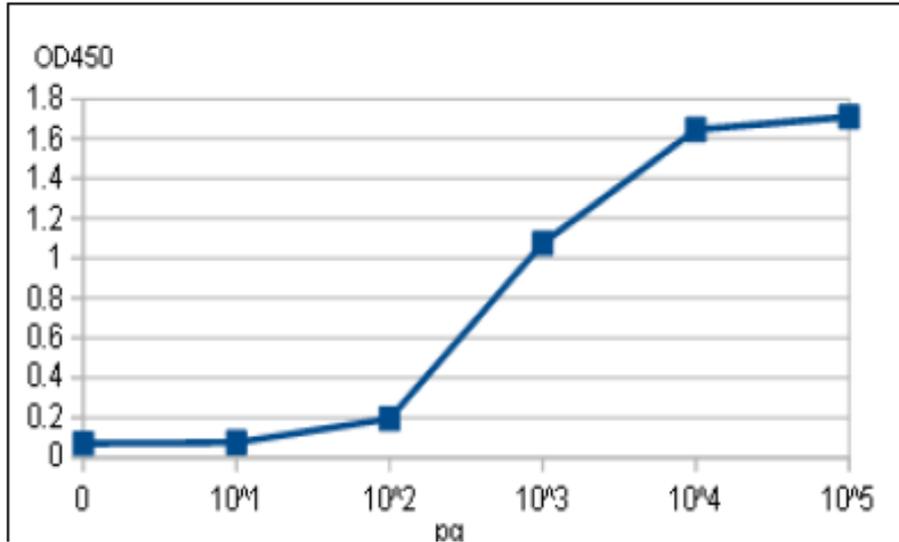


Fig.3. Titration of pertussis toxin by direct ELISA using anti-pertussis toxin antiserum

ELISA plate is coated with indicated amounts of pertussis toxin per well. Antiserum was used at 1/12,500 dilution. ELISA was performed as in Fig.2. Dynamic range was 100 pg to 10 ng under these conditions.