

Anti-RecA antibody, rabbit polyclonal

61-003 50 μg, 61-004 $250\,\mu$ g

E. coli RecA protein (352 aa, 38 kDa) plays critically important roles in homologous recombination, recombination repair and regulation of cellular responses to DNA damage (SOS response). RecA promotes auto-cleavage of LexA repressor by its coprotease activity after DNA damage, and induces many proteins related to DNA repair including **RecA** itself (1).

- Western blotting (1/3,000 dilution)
- Immunoprecipitation (1/600 dilution)
- Indirect immuno-fluorescent staining (assay dependent)
- 4. ELISA (assay dependent)

Immunogen: Highly purified full-length recombinant E. coli RecA protein

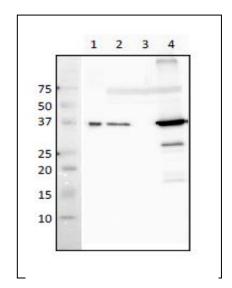
Purity: The anti-serum was first adsorbed with extract of recA deletion strain and affinity-purified with purified RecA protein conjugated with agarose beads.

Form: Antibody solution at 1.0 mg/ml in PBS with 50% glycerol, filter-sterilized

Storage: Shipped at 4° C or -20° C, and upon arrival, aliquot and store at -20° C or below.

Data Link UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot POA7G6 (RECA_ECOLI)

Reference: Friedberg EC et al. DNA Repair and Mutagenesis 2nd Ed. ASM Presss



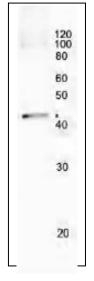


Fig 2. Immunoprecipitation of RecA protein from crudeextract of E. coli cells. Antibody 2 μ g was adsorbed to proteinA magnetic beads to precipitate RecA protein from supernatant of sonic disrupted E. coli cells. The precipitate was analyzed by western blot.

Fig 1. Western blot analysis of RecA protein in crude extract of E. coli.. Lane 1, Purified RecA 8 ng. Lane 2,

Wild type. Lane 3, $\triangle recA$ mutant. Lane 4, *△lexA* mutant (SOS genes overexpressed). Antibody used at 1/3,000 dilution. Cell extracts, $2 \mu g$

Related product: # 01-001 E.coli RecA protein, functional.