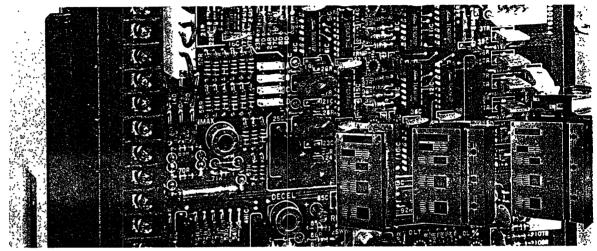
INDUSTRIAL USE THYRISTOR CONVERTER UNIT Varispeed-505 ZI Drive INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL CDMR-ZI



Before initial operation, read these instructions thoroughly, and retain for future reference.



TOE-S505-30B

When properly installed, operated and maintained, this equipment will provide a lifetime of optimum operation. It is mandatory that the person who operates, inspects, and maintains this equipment thoroughly read and understand this manual.

IMPORTANT

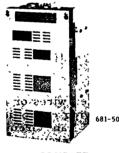
• Make no withstand voltage test on the VS-505ZII because it incorporates semi-conductor electronic circuits.

• If megger tests are necessary, make them only in accordance with the instructions given in this manual.

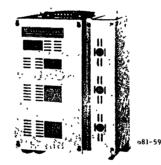
• Do not tamper with potentiometers of the power units since they were pre-set at the factory before shipment. Varispeed-505ZII (VS-505ZII) is a thyristor converter unit for varispeed non-reversing operation of industrial DC motors.

For correct operation of VS-505ZI, users must throughly read these instructions. This manual is also necessary for maintenance and troubleshooting, and therefore should be kept field for ready reference.

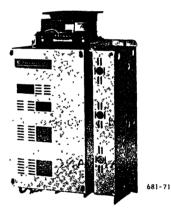
For details on DC motors, refer to "Instructions for Industrial DC Motors" (TOE-C435-3).



Туре CDMR-ZI (Туре S) 230V, 105А



Туре CDMR-ZШ (Туре М) 230V, 260А



Type CDMR-ZI (Type L) 230V, 550A

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RECEIVING

The equipment has been put through severe tests at the factory before shipped. After unpacking, however, check and see the following.

- Its nameplate data meets your requirements.
- It has sustained no damage while in transit.

• Fastening bolts and screws are not loosened.

• Devices built in the cabinet are not damaged or missing.

STORAGE

If the equipment is temporarily stored or machine stops for an extended length of time, the following precautions should be taken.

LOCATION

Store the equipment under the following conditions.

- Free from rainfall and drops of water
- · Clean and dry
- Free from corrosive gas and liquid
- Ambient temperature: -10°C to 40°C
- Less vibration

INSTALLATION

Select a location described in STORAGE and install the equipment by proper procedure in keeping the equipment in good working condition.

WIRING

Make connections in reference to the interconnection diagram furnished on your order and the follow-ing.

COMPONENT ARRANGEMENT IN VS-505ZII

Figs. 2 to 4 show component arrangement in the VS-505ZII $\ensuremath{\mathsf{VS}}$

TERMINAL SIZES AND CARRYING CURRENTS

Table 1 shows the size and the current carrying capacities of the terminals of VS-505ZI. Select leads with sufficient current carrying capacity. Refer to Cautions when Wiring.

Table 1 Terminal Size and Current Capacity

CDMR-ZI		AC Main Circuit		DC Main Circuit		Field Circuit	
Rated Volt- age V	Rated Out- put kW	Ter- minal Size	Car- rying Cur- rent A	Ter- minal Size	Car- rying Cur- rent A	Ter- minal Size	Car- rying Cur- rent A
	25	M6	21	M5	25		
l	35	М6	29	M8	35	M4	
	45	M6	37	М8	45		12 22 25
	90	M8	74	M8	90		
230	105	M8	86	M8	105		
	180	M10	147	M10	180		
	260	м10	213	M10	260		
	420	M12	343	M12	420	М4	
	550	M12	449	M12	550	M4	
	50	M8	41	M8	50	м4	12
	90	M8	74	M8	90	M4	12
	105	M8	86	M8	105		
460	180	M10	147	M10	180		22
	260	м10	213	M10	260	IVI 4	
	420	M12	343	M12	420	M4	25
	550	M12	449	M12	550	141 -1	

Note:

1. Terminal size other than listed above is M4 and current capacity is 2A or below.

- 2. Rule of thumb of AC main circuit power capacity $12 \times \sqrt{3} \times E \times 1$ (VA)
 - E: Supply voltage
 - I: AC main circuit current

INTERCONNECTIONS

Make connections of VS-505ZI with associate units according to the interconnection diagram separately furnished.

CAUTIONS WHEN WIRING

Main Circuits

Use 600 V PVC insulated wires or cabtyre cables with the current carrying capacities of the combined DC motor for AC main circuit terminals (U, V, W) and DC main circuit terminals (P, N).

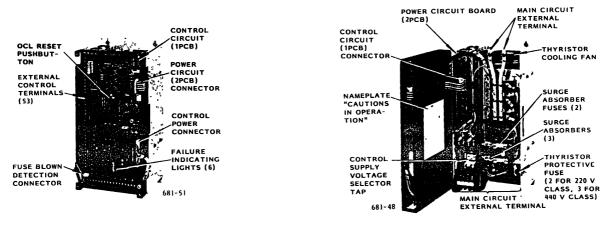
Field Circuits

Use 600 V PVC insulated wires or cabtyre cables with the current carrying capacities of the combined DC motor for field power circuit terminals (U_0, W_0, U_1, W_1) and field circuit terminals (J, K). Use stranded wires of cross-section 5.5 mm² or larger for field circuit terminals (J, K).

Signal Circuits

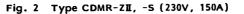
Use shielded wires or twisted wires of twisting pitches 20 mm or smaller for the speed setting circuit terminals (11 to 16), speed feedback terminals (3 to 5), tachometer circuit terminals (38 to 40).

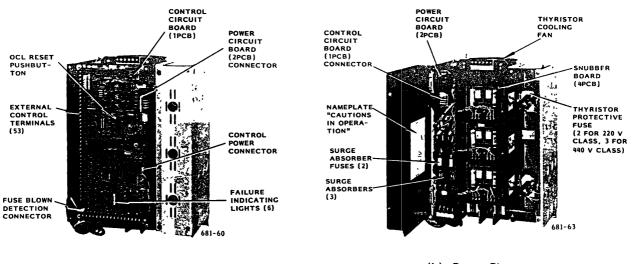




(a) Control Circuit

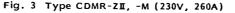
(b) Power Circuit

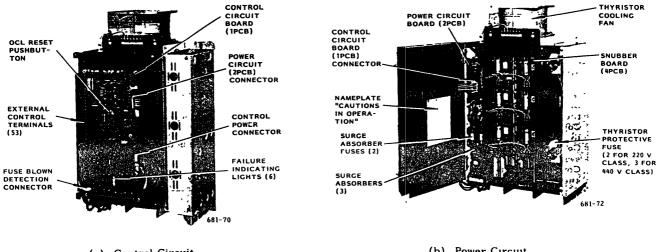




(a) Control Circuit

(b) Power Circuit





(a) Control Circuit

(b) Power Circuit

Fig. 4 Type CDMR-ZI, -L (230V, 550A)

WIRING (Cont'd)

Separation of Signal Cables from Main Circuit Cables

To avoid inductive interference from other cables, run the shielded or twisted wires (1 to 53) separate from main circuit cables (U, V, W: U₀, W_0 ; U₁, W_1 ; P, N; J, K) in a bundle or thru a duct.

CAUTION

After wiring, check interconnections. Make insulation resistance tests using a 500V megger. Connect VS-505ZII main circuit terminals (U, V, W; U₀, W_0 ; U₁, W₁; P, N; J, K) with common lead. Measure the insulation resistance between common lead and the ground. When the test result is 2 M Ω or more, it means that wiring is successful.

TEST RUN

When the VS-5052I has been correctly installed and wired, the unit shall be tested through a test run as follows.

If trouble is found during the test run, refer to "Check Before Test Run" and "Troubleshooting Guide" for necessary measures. If the cause of the trouble cannot be located, or repair is impossible, notify our service station, giving the details of trouble conditions.

CHECK BEFORE TEST RUN

Make the following checks prior to the test run.

Table 2 Check before Test Run

Check Points	Check Items
Interconnec- tions between VS-5052II and Associ- ate Units	 Correct wiring. Tightening of terminal screws.
DC Motor	 Disconnection from the driven machine. Removal of thrust block. Remove inspection covers and blow out with air to clean commutator. (Fig. 5)
VS-505ZI	 Adhesion of dirt or dust on the enclosure. Smooth hand rotation of thyristor cooling fan.* Check items in "Cautions in Operation" on the back of the control board door. Correct connection of the shunt connector to the voltage selecting tap. (Fig. 6) Corrent setting of the frequency selector switch. (Fig. 7) Correct adjustment of potentiometers on the control board (IPCB) Refer to red paint.
Supply Volt- age at Input Terminals of VS-50521	 Voltages of any two of phases U, V, W are within the values on Table 3. Check with a tester. Terminals Ub and U1 and W0 and W1 are connected. Rotating direction of the motor blower meets with the arrow marked on the blower

*VS-505ZI of larger capacity than 230V, 45A or 460V, 90A are provided with a thyristor cooling fan.

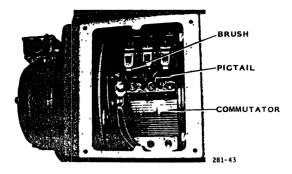
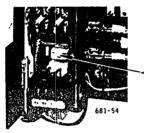
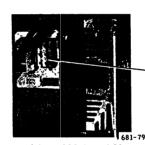
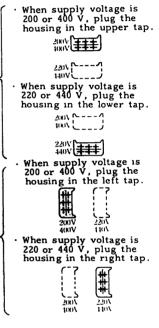


Fig. 5 Inspection Window of DC Motor



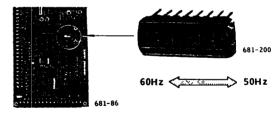
Either 230V or 460V at 105A or below





Either 230V or 460V at 180A or below

Fig. 6 Tap Selection of Control Supply Voltage



• When supply frequency is 50Hz, slide the switch key down.

• When supply frequency is 60Hz, slide the switch key up.

Fig. 7 Selection of Supply Frequency

Table 3 Supply Voltage Allowable Range

Nominal Supply Voltage	Supply Frequency	Permissible Voltage Variation	Voltage Selectoer Tap
220 V	50/60 Hz	170 - 220 V	200 V
220 V	50/60 Hz	187 - 242 V	220 V
400 V	50/60 Hz	340 - 440 V	400 V
440 V	50/60 Hz	374 - 484 V	440 V

NO-LOAD OPERATION

After making the checks specified before test run, thoroughly check the environment to the system for safety.

Check the polarity of DC tachometer generator feedback voltage. When the motor is running forward, the polarity of VS-505ZI signal terminal 3 (4: 0V) is minus and it is plus during reverse running of the motor.

Then, run the motor without load according to Table 4.

Before starting full-load operation, stop the power supply, couple the DC motor to the driven machine, and check the motor and the driven machine for safe and obstruction-free conditions. Table 5 gives full-load operation procedure.

Table	5	Full-load	Operation
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Order	Operation
1	Set the speed at zero.
2	Turn on the main circuit power supply
3	Turn on operation signal and gradually increase the speed. Check to be sure that the motor and driven machine are correctly running.
4	Turn off the operation signal.
5	Turn off main circuit power supply.

Order	Operation	Check Items
1	Set the speed reference at zero.	-
2	Turn on main circuit power supply.	Smooth rotation of the thyristor cooling fan.*
		Smooth rotation of the blower for DC motor.
		Rotating direction of the blower meets with the marking on the blower.
3	Make an operational sequence and check to be sure that operation is ready. (Turn on ready signal, motor cooling fan ON/OFF signal.)	-
4	Turn-on the operation signal.	-
5	Gradually, increase the speed setting	Smooth acceleration of DC motor.
	value.	No abnormal odor, smoke, vibration and noise on DC motor.
6	Remove the hand-hole cover and check the commutator.	No brush chattering and sparking at the brushes.
	To avoid excessive temperature rise o window within 5 minutes.	f DC motor winding in frame 112, 132, reclose the
7	Gradually, turn the speed setting poten- tiometer clockwise.	Smooth acceleration of DC motor.
8	Increase the speed setting value to the maximum.	DC motor rotates at the maximum speed. Check with a speedometer.
9	Change the speed to various values.	Turning speed setting potentiometer rapidly during acceleration or deceleration changes motor speed smoothly.
10	Turn off the operation signal.	DC motor stops. (It stops suddenly by VS-5052I with a dynamic braking function.)
11	Turn off the main circuit power supply.	

Table 4 No-load Operation

*VS-505ZI, rated 230V, 45A and above and 460V, 90A and above are provided with a thyristor cooling fan.

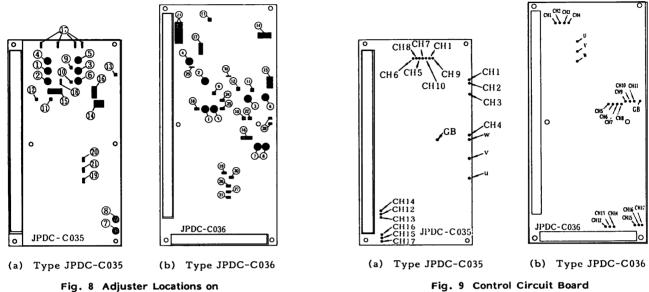
TEST RUN (Cont'd)

ADJUSTMENT

Do not tamper unnecessarily with the potentiometers on the control circuit board since they have been adjusted at the factory before shipped.

Adjuster Locations and Functions

Adjuster locations on the control circuit board and functions are shown in Fig. 8 and Table 7. The characteristics of control circuit board check terminals are shown in Fig. 9 and Table 6.



Control Circuit Board

Check Terminals

Table 6	Control Circuit	Board Check	Terminals

	Signal Names	Check Terminals	Normal Val	ues	
	Phase shifter input	CH4	Approx. +5.5 V at 60 Hz, approx. +6.5 V at 50 Hz when gate blocked	+1 to +5.5 V at 60Hz, +1 to +6.5 V at 50Hz when controlling	
	Current limit	СН5	+3 V/100% current limit		
	Speed feedback	СН6	-6 V/100% speed		
	Current command	CH7	-3 V/100% command	······································	
er	Speed command	СНВ	+6 V/100% command		
wod	Gate block	СН9	(Gateblock by OCL) 0V norm	nal, -24 V at gateblock	
lit	dule block	GB	0 V normal, +12 V at gatebl	ock	
Main circuit power	Current control- ler output	СН10	Approx 1 V at gateblock	0 to +6 V when controlling	
Mair	Current feedback	СН11	+3 V/100% current		
	Stable power	СН12	0 V (SG)		
	supply	СН13	+15 V		
		CH14	-15 V		
		СН15	+24 V	Allowable variation	
	Unstable power supply	СН16	-24 V	range: ±20%	
		СН17	+24 V (pulse amplifier power supply)		
Ľ	Current command	СНІ	Voltage value according	Ex6 V/5 A	
power	Current feedback	CH2	to field current.	+3 V/5 A	
Field p	Phase shifter input	СНЗ	Approx. +5 V at 60 Hz, approx. +6 V at 50 Hz when field blocked	+1 to +5 V at 60 Hz, +1 to +6 V at 50 Hz when controlling	

Type of Adjusters	Adjuster Location	Adjuster Names	Adjuster Functions	Adjusting Method	Specifications
	1	ACCEL	Acceleration time adjustment.	Clockwise rotation increases acceleratime.	tion 3 - 75 sec
	2	DECEL	Deceleration time adjustment.	Clockwise rotation increases deceleration.	tion 3 75 sec
	3	GAIN	ASR Gain adjustment.	Clockwise rotation increases gain.	
	4	NMAX	Speed feedback adjustment.	Clockwise rotation decreases speed.	-6/100% speed
	5	LIMIT	Current limitation	Clockwise rotation increases limit	0 - 250%
			Speed limitation	value.	0 - 125%
	6	IFB	Main circuit current feedback adjustment.	Clockwise rotation decreases current	. + 3V / 100% current
Potentio-	7	SM	Speedometer adjustment.	Clockwise rotation increases pointer	swing. 1 mADC max
meters	8	AM	Ammeter adjustment.	Clockwise rotation decreases pointer	swing. 1 mADC max
	9	BIAS	ASR offset adjustment.	🖯 voltage 🕘 voltage	
	10	KIPP	Phase shift lag limit adjust- ment	Clockwise rotation advances shift lag	g. 155°el (Standard)
	11	OL %	Setting overload detection start point.	Clockwise rotation increases overload detection start point.	d 110% (Standard)
	12	OLT	Setting overload.	Clockwise rotation increases operation time.	on 150%, 60 sec (Standard)
	13	I REF	Setting field current	Clockwise rotation increases the cur	rent. —
	23	PSB	Phase shifter operating point adjustment	Clockwise rotation advances phase.	Adjustable between 90 and 160° el
Potentio- meters			Rough adjustment of field current detection voltage level.	Open the resistor according to speci	1f1- Refer to moto
selection (Open)	15	5FBR- 9FBR	cations. cations.		specifications
Slide switch	16	1SW	Supply frequency selector.	Selection of 50 Hz or 60 Hz.	_
	23	ACTG/ DCTG	Selection of ACTG and DCTG according to Type of TG.	For AC tach-gen, select ACTG, and DC tach-gen, select DCTG.	for
	17	A - D	Rough adjustment of speed detection voltage level.	Selection of the voltage level according type of tach-gen and motor rated sp	
	18	Ē	Selection of soft start oper- ation	E1	
	(24)	F	Selection of BIAS	F1 ASR BIAS Adjustment	
				F ₂ ACR BIAS Adjustment	
	(25)	н	Selection of LIMIT	HI Current limitation	
				H2 Speed limitation	+
	19	J	Selection of start interlock	J ₁ Possible	
Plug			zero-speed condition	J ₂ —	
selection	20	к	Selection of motor stopping method	K1 Gate block at zero speed when decelerating to stop.	
				K2 Gate block at stop command.	
	26	L	Selection of use of exciter	L1 Exciter used.	
			according to motor field.	L ₂ Exciter not used.	
	ଷ	м	Selection of field block due to motor overheat.	M1Field blocked.M2Field not blocked.	
	21	N	Selection of zero-speed	N1 Field half-reduced after motor	
		condition at motor coo		zero-speeds by stop operation.	
	L	fan stopping.		N ₂ Field half-reduced. (Gate block	<u> </u>
		P	Selection of P1 and P of ACR	P1 PI control	
	28		control		
				P ₂ P control	
Short-	28	OPN		Open ·Speed control by voltage dete ·Speed control by AC tach-gen	
Short- circuit jumper		OPN OPS		·Speed control by voltage deter	

Table 7 Control Circuit Board Adjuster Locations and Functions

Note: The adjusters of the circled numbers are provided with the control circuit board Type JPDC-C036 (ETC00491X) only.

TEST RUN (Cont'd)

Adjustment Procedure

NMAX (Speed feedback adjustment)

To adjust the DC motor speed exactly to the reference speed, proceed as follows.

1. Prepare the tachometer having required accuracy.

2. Operate the DC motor at no load (or less variation).

3. Measure the speed reference voltage with a voltmeter. Correct the voltage to that of desired motor speed.

4. Measure the motor speed with a tachometer.

5. If the speed does not reach the desired speed, turn NMAX counterclockwise to increase the speed.

6. If speed exceeds the desired speed, turn NMAX clockwise to decrease the speed.

LIMIT (Limit value adjustment)

1. Current limitation (Speed control)

Connect the plug-connectors F and H to Fl and Hl on the control circuit board, respectively. When the voltage at CH5 is +3V, 100% current limit value is obtained. Current limit value can be set within the range of 0% to 250% by LIMIT.

2. Speed limitation (Current control)

Connect the plug-connectors F and H to F2 and H2 on the control circuit board, respectively. When the voltage at CH5 is +6V, 100% current limit value is obtained. Current limit value can be set within the range of 0% to 125% by LIMIT.

PSB (Phase shifter operating point adjustment)

PSB sets the phase shifter operating point.

1. When the current controller (ACR) is integral-controlled

Connect the plug selector P on the control circuit board at P1. Turn PSB fully counterclockwise.

2. When the current controller (ACR) is ratiocontrolled

Connect the plug selector P on the control board at P2. Turn PSB clockwise gradually with reference current at 0V (0V at CH10), and set at the position where main circuit current is ready to start.

Adjustment of Field Current

The manner of adjusting field current when field current is constant differs from that when field weakening control is made.

Constant Field Current

1. Connect DC ammeter to field circuit.

2. Adjust the potentiometers (1FBR to 4FBR) and IREF on the control circuit board so that ammeter indicates rated field current.

Field Weakening Control

Proceed as follows to adjust field current in combination with field adjuster type JGSM-51-12.

1. Connect DC ammeter to field circuit and DC voltmeter to output terminals (P) and (N).

2. Select the potentiometer (from 1FBR to 4FBR) which corresponds to the desired voltage level of field current detection. Remove those potentiometers not being used.

3. Turn the potentiometer 1REF on the control board and FORCE FLD and V LIMIT of the field adjuster fully counterclockwise.

4. Set the minimum field weakening current using I REF. Set-value should be 80% field weakening current at maximum speed.

5. Set the rated field current (field intensifying) using FORCE FLD of field adjuster.

6. Increase speed reference gradually after motor starts.

The voltage across terminals (P) and (N) increases as speed rises and reaches the limited value.

Turn V LIMIT clockwise gradually so that the limited value is motor rated voltage (220V or 440V).

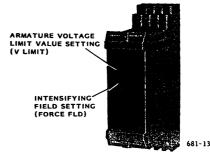


Fig. 10 Field Adjuster Type JCSM-51-

MAINTENANCE

VS-505ZI requires almost no daily inspection. To keep the correct and successful operation, periodic maintenance operations should be performed. The users should prepare their own maintenance programs based on the following guidelines.

PERIODIC INSPECTION

Table 8 shows the minimum inspection items and the procedures.

Inspection Item	Inspection Item	Inspection Procedure	What to do
Thyristor cooling fan	• Noise • Vibration	 Check for any intermittent or unusual noise. Feel by hand. 	Replace. Rule of thumb for cooling fan replacement: 15,000 hours of operation.
General	• Dust or dırt.	 Check for dust clogging or dirt adhesion. Check for loosening of screws or nuts: 	 Clean with an electrical cleaner. Tighten.

Table 8 Periodic Inspection

PARTS REPLACEMENT

Field Thyristor

With all the Models, thyristor modules consisting of a thyristor and a diode are used as the field thyristor. Replace them as follows.

The same replacement procedure applies to all the models.

1. Loosen the bus bar screws and the lead clamping screws, and unclamp the leads. In this case, mark all the terminals for identification. (Fig. 11)

2. Loosen the two clamping screws, and remove the thyristor module.

3. Check the replacement thyristor module for type and capacity, and install it by reversing the removal procedure, making connections to the terminals identified by the marks made before removing the old thyristor module.

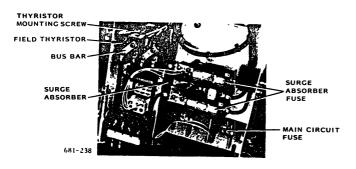


Fig. 11 Field Thyristor (230V, 25A)

Main Circuit Thyristor

230V, 25A System (Fig. 12)

The system uses a thyristor module comprising two thyristors. Replace it as follows.

1. Remove the 6 bus bar clamping screws, and remove the bus bar.

2. Loosen all the thyristor lead screws, and unclamp all the leads. In this case, mark the terminals for identification.

3. Remove the two thyristor clamping screws.

4. Check the replacement thyristor module for type and capacity, and reinstall it by reversing the disassembly procedure, identifying the terminals by means of the marks made prior to disassembling.

NOTE

When installing the thyristor module, apply thermal compound JOINTAL Z (made by Nippon Light Metal Co., Ltd.) to the thyristor mounting surface (reverse side).

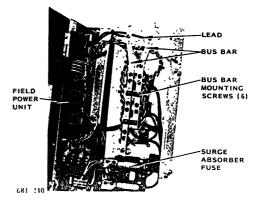


Fig. 12 Main Circuit Thyristor

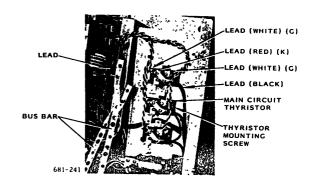


Fig. 13 Bus Bar Removal

MAINTENANCE (Cont'd)

230V, 35 to 105A System, 460V, 50 to 105A System

1. Remove the 6 bus bar mounting screws, and remove the bus bar. The leads connected to the bus bar need not be removed. (Fig. 14)

2. Loosen the thyristor connecting screws, and unclamp the leads. In this case, mark the terminals for identification.

3. Remove the two thyristor clamping screws.

4. Check the replacement thyristor for type and capacity, and reinstall it by reversing the disassembly procedure, identifying the terminals by means of the marks made prior to disassembling.

NOTE

When installing the thyristor, apply thermal compound JOINTAL Z (made by Nippon Light Metal Co., Ltd.) to the thyristor mounting surface (reverse side).

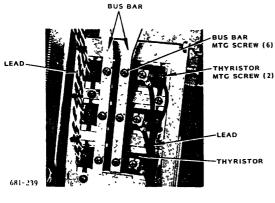


Fig. 14 Main Circuit Thyristor (230V, 105A)

230V, 180 to 550A, 460V, 180 to 550A System

In these systems, flat thyristors are used. The thyristor modules differ in shape depending upon capacity, but their replacement procedure is the same, as given below.

1. Remove the 6 clamping screws for thyristor gate cathode terminal, and free the leads. In this case, mark the terminals for identification. (Fig. 15)

2. Remove the mounting bolts (5 for 260A and below and 7 for 420A and larger systems) for the thyrisotr module, and remove the main circuit thyristor.

3. Place the main circuit thyristor module on a work bench, and loosen the control circuit board mounting screws (Fig. 16) for the thyristor assembly to be replaced, and then, loosen the gate wiring screws.

4. Loosen the fin mounting nuts alternately, turning 1/4 turn at a time. Then, remove the leaf spring.

5. Remove the fin and take out the thyristor.

6. Clean the contact surfaces of the new thyristor and the fin, and thinly coat these surfaces with thermal joint compound (JOINTAL Z, made by Nippon Light Metal Co., Ltd.).

7. Align the fin locating pin and the thyristor locating hole, after making sure that the polarity of the thyristor is correct.

8. Keeping the leaf spring and the fin parallel, finger-tighten the clamping nuts. Then, tighten them alternately through 1/4 turn at a time, three times each with a socket wrench. Now, the thyristor fin has been installed.

9. Tighten the control circuit board mounting screws, Then, mount the thyristor module by reversing the disassembling procedure, tightening the screws firmly.

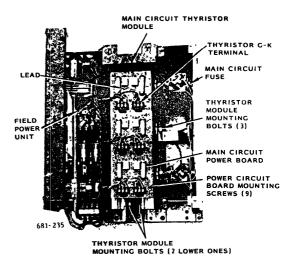


Fig. 15 Main Circuit Thyristor Assembly (230V, 260A System)

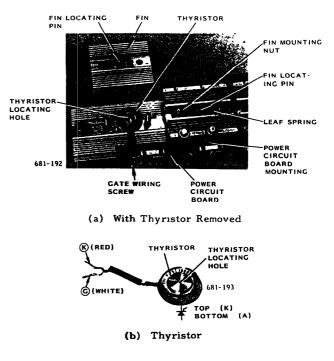


Fig. 16 Thyristor Replacement

Replacement of Main Circuit Fuse

230V, 25 to 105A, 460V, 50 to 105A System

1. Remove the fuse blown indicating microswitch with the leads by pulling upward. (Fig. 17)

2. Remove the two fuse mounting bolts.

3. Mount a replacement fuse by reversing the removing procedure, after checking its model and capacity.

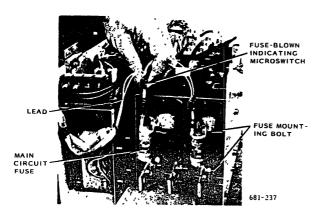


Fig. 17 Main Circuit Fuse (230V, 25A)

230V, 180 to 550A, 460V, 180 to 550A systems (Fig. 15)

1. Loosen the two lead clamping screws, and free the four leads of the fuse-blown indicating microswitch. (Fig. 18)

2. Remove the two fuse mounting bolts, and remove the fuse together with the fuse-blown inducating microswitch.

3. Check the replacement fuse for model and capacity, and install it by reversing the disassembling procedure.

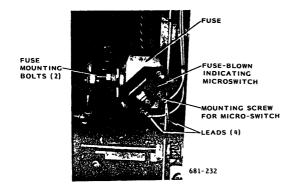


Fig. 18 Main Circuit Fuse Assembly

Surge Absorber Fuse Replacment

1. Pull the fuse element and remove it. (Fig. 19)

2. Mount the replacement fuse, after checking its model and capacity.

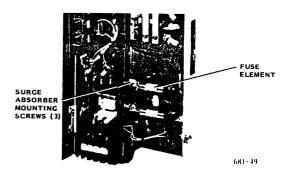


Fig. 19 Surge Absorber Fuse

Surge Absorber Replacement

1. Remove three surge absorber mounting screws and remove surge absorber.

2. Check the replacement surge absorber for model and capacity. Mount three surge absorbers after connecting M4 pressure terminals to their leads as shown in Fig. 20.

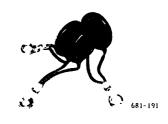


Fig. 20 Surge Absorber with Pressure Terminals Connected to Leads

MAINTENANCE (Cont'd)

Thyristor Cooling Fan

Using for 230V, 25A and 460V, 50A ratings are self-cooled. Replace the fans as follows. (Fig. 21)

1. Disconnect the power leads.

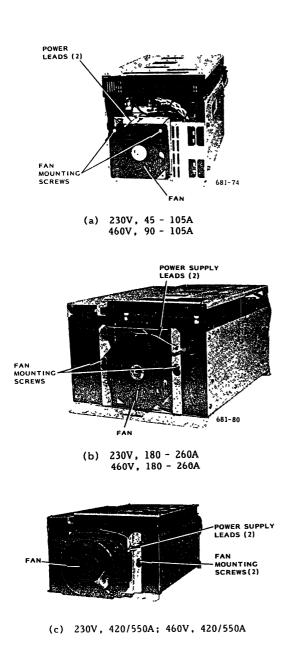
2. Unscrew the two fan mounting screws, and dismount the fan.

3. Remove the fan by reversing the disassembling procedure.

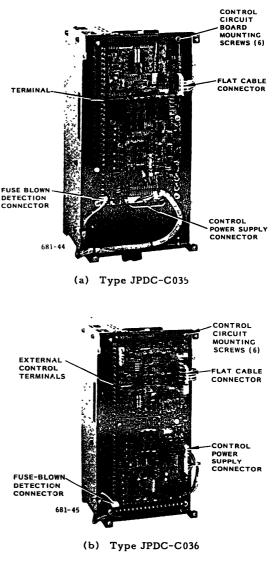
Control Circuit Board Replacement

Disconnect all the leads from the terminals. In this case mark the terminals for identification. Then, unplug the connectors shown in Fig. 22, and loosen the 6 control circuit board mounting screws.

Mount the replacement board by reversing the disassembling procedure. Plug-in the connectors firmly.









CAUTIONS IN REPLACING CONTROL CIRCUIT BOARD

Make sure that the type of the new control circuit board agrees with the nameplate and potentiometer settings of new control circuit board are the same as the old one. Refer to the nameplate "Cautions in Operation" posted on the inside of the control board door of VS 505Z II. See Table 7 Adjuster Locations on the Control Circuit Board and Functions.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Trouble	P	ossible Cause	Check Methoc	What to do	
OCL lamp	Control	Too low setting of	Is setting dial at the positions indicated	Set the setting dial to the	
ON	circuit	"OL%," "OLT".	by lock paint?	position of lock paint.	
	board	Too high setting of			
		"LIMIT.	Refer to Table 6 and 7.	Readjust.	
		Incorrect setting of "IFB".			
	Thyristor	Defective (deterio-	Check thyristor (Fig. 25).	Replace thyristor. (See Mai	
	Inylistor	rated)	Check invision (rig. 25).	Circuit Thyristor on page 1	
	Motor and	Overloaded	Check load current.	Adjust load.	Reset.
	driven	Locking.	Run motor without load, and see if it locks.	Repair motor.	
	machine		Check load for locking.	Repair driven machine.	
		Layer shorting in	Run motor with terminals (P) and (N) dis-	· Repair motor.	
		motor.	connected. If OCL lamp does not light,		
			the motor and its circuit are defective.		
		Grounding of motor circuit.	Measure resistance between terminal (P)	• Repair motor.	
		circuit.	(or N) and ground (E) with a multitester. If the reading is nearly ∞ on the largest	 Correct wiring. 	
			scale of the tester, the circuit is normal.		
FU lamp	Thyristor	Defective (deterio-	Check thyristor (Fig. 25).	Replace thyristor. (See Ma	un Circuit
ON	,	rated).		Thyristor on page 10.)	
	Motor	Layer shorting in	Operate only board with (P) and (N) dis-	· Repair motor.	
		motor.	connected. If fuse is not blown, motor	· Correct wiring.	
			circuit is defective.		
		Grounding of motor	Measure resistance across terminal (P) (or	• Repair motor.	To replace
		circuit.	N) and ground (E) with a multitester, and	 Correct wiring. 	fuses (1Fi, 2FU, 5FU),
			If the reading is nearly ∞ on the largest scale of the tester, the circuit is normal.		refer to
			(See Note.)		Replacement
	Control	Defective (phase		If the motor is normal, replace	of Thyristor
	circuit	control circuit).		control circuit board.	Protection
	board			Refer to Replacement of Control	Fuse.
				Circuit Board on page 11.	
	Fuse	Defective (deterio-			
FL lamp	Motor	rated). Layer shorting in	Disconnect terminals (J) and (K), and	A Berry meter	
ON	field winding.		measure resistance between terminal (J)	 Repair motor. Replace fuse. (3FU or 4FU). 	
•		incla whitehing i	and (K) of motor with a multitester.	Replace Tuse: (510 01 4	07.
			If the reading is ∞, field circuit is		
			disconnected.		
		Grounding of field	Measure resistance across terminal (J or K)		
		circuit.	and ground (E) with a multitester, and if		
			the reading is nearly on the largest		
	Control	Defective	scale of the tester, the circuit is normal.	T(A)	
	circuit	Delective		If the motor is normal, repl board. See Replacement of	
	board			Board on page 11.	Control Circui
THG lamp	Motor	Over Main circuit	Check load current.	Adjust load.	
ON		loading. Field circuit	Check field current.	Readjust. See Adjustment	on page 6.
		Locking.	Run motor without load, and see if it locks.	Repair motor.	
		_	Check load for locking.	Adjust load.	
		Blocked air filter.		Refer to the instructions fo	r Industrial
		Insufficient cooling	Check the blower for correct running	DC Motors (TOE-C435-3).	
		with blower.	direction.	Correct wiring.	
MCF lamp	Motor	Cooling blower stop.	Check fan for locking or overloading.	Repair or replace fan.	
ON			Check thermal relay for tripping.		
TCF lamp		cooling fan stop.	Check fan for locking or overloading.	Replace the thyristor coolin	ig fan. See
ON		an is provided with		Replacement of Thyristor C	ooling Fan.
	failure senser.			on page 11.	
				Eliminate cause of surge. Replace sur	
Surge	Main CKT	Excessive surge.	Check fuses (3FU, 4FU).		
Surge absorber fuse blown	Maın CKT	Excessive surge.	Check fuses (3FU, 4FU).	Eliminate cause of surge. I and fuse. See Replacement Absorber Fuse and Replace	of Surge of

Table 9 Troubleshooting Guide

Note: If the reading is not ∞, accurate measurement with a 500 V megger is required. Reading must be 3 megohms or above.

SPARE PARTS

Table 10 lists the recommended spare parts for one VS-505ZII, keep always minimum insurance spare parts on hand to protect the unit against costly downtime. When ordering spare parts, specify complete nameplate rating and description (type, code no., etc.) of the parts required, and quantity desired.

Thyristor Converter Unit Type CDMR-ZII		Main Circuit Thyristor		Thyristor Protective Fuse		Surge Absorber Fuse		Fan		Field Thyristor Diodo		Surge Absorber		Control Circuit Board	
		Type (Code No)	Qʻty	Type (Code No.)	Qʻty	Type (Code No)	Qʻty	Type (Code No)	Qʻty	Type (Code No)	Qʻty	Type (Code No)	Q'ty	Type (Code No)	Qʻty
Type SS	230 V 25 A	TM20DA-H (SCR195)													
Type S	230 V 35 A	TM25DZ-H (SCR196)		60FHS-55 (FU642)	5	FCF2-20 (FU599)	2	-	1	TM20RA-H (SCR192)	2	TNR23G- 471K (XX140)	3	JPDC-C035 (ETC490X) or JPDC-C036 (ETC491X)	1
	230 V 45 A							4715PS-22T- B30-B00 (FAN130)							
	230 V 90 A	TM55DZ-H (SCR197)		60FHS-110 (FU644)											
	230 V 105 A	TM90DZ-H (SCR198)		60FHS-150 (FU645)											
Турс М	230 V 180 A	N105CH08 (SCR259)	6	CS5F-200 (FU609)		FCF2-30 (FU600)		5915PC-22T- B30-B00 (FAN131)							
	230 V 260 A	N195CH08		CS5F-350 (FU612)											
Type L	230 V 420 A	(SCR261)		CS5F-450 (FU614)				MRW18-							
	230 V 550 A	N280CH08 (SCR265)		CS5F-600 (FU616)				DTA (FAN107)							
·	460 V 50 A	PK55HB-160 (SCR244)		60FHS-110		FCF2-20 (FU599)	_ 2	_	1	TM20RA-H (SCR192)	2	TNR23G- 102K (XX167)	3	JPDC-C035 (ETC490X) or JPDC-C036 (ETC491X)	1
Type S	460 V 90 A	(TM55DZ-2H ((SCR201))		(FU644)				HN4556MV (FAN110)							
	460 V 105 A	PK90HB-160 (SCR245) TM90DZ-2H (SCR202)	3	60FHS-150 (FU645)	3										
Туре М	460 V 180 A	N105CH16 (SCR260)		CS5F-200 (FU609)				7556MXV							
	460 V 260 A	N195CH16 (SCR262)	N195CH16] [CS5F-350 (FU612)]	FCF2-30		(FAN111)						
Туре L	460 V 420 A		6	CS5F-450 (FU614)		(FU600)		MRW18- DTA (FAN107)							
	460 V 550 A	N280CH16 (SCR266)		CS5F-600 (FU616)											

Table 10 Spare Parts for Control Panel

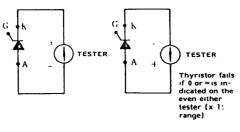
$\langle \mathbf{REFERENCE} \rangle$

ROUGH CHECK OF THYRISTORS

Where thyristors normally function, the following values are obtained.

More than several hundreds of kiloohms across (A) and (K).

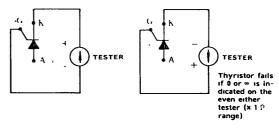
Several ohms to several hundreds of ohms across (G) and (K).



(a) Resistance across Thyristor Terminals (A) and (K)

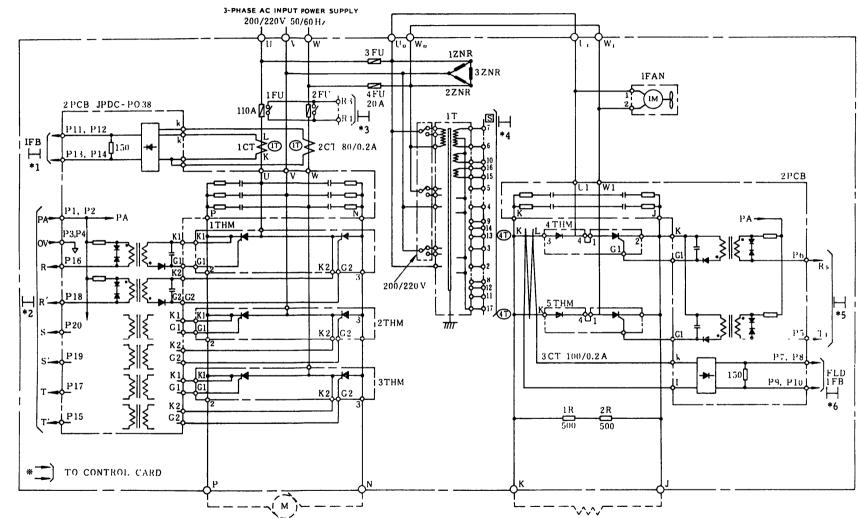
CAUTION IN CHECKING FLAT THYRISTORS

Apply pressure 5 to 10 kg across thyristor polarities A and K so as to insure positive thyristor internal connections. Measure the resistance using a tester as shown in Fig. 23 (a) and (b).



(b) Resistance across Thyristor Terminals (G) and (K)

Fig. 23 Rough Check of Thyristors



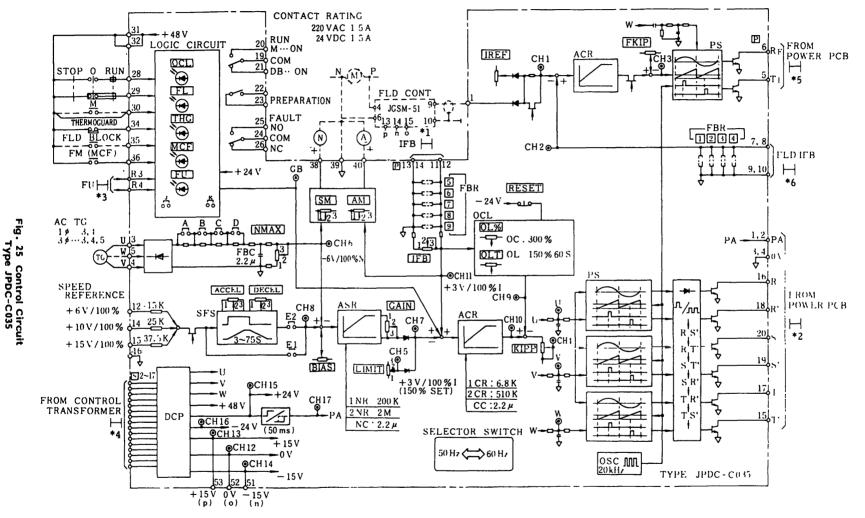
ELEMENTARY DIACRAM OF THYRISTOR CONVERTER UNIT (TYPE CDMR-ZII, 230V, 90A)

Note: Asterisk shows the connections between main circuit and control circuit. It indicates that *1 of main circuit is connected to *1 of control circuit.

Fig. 24 Main Circuit

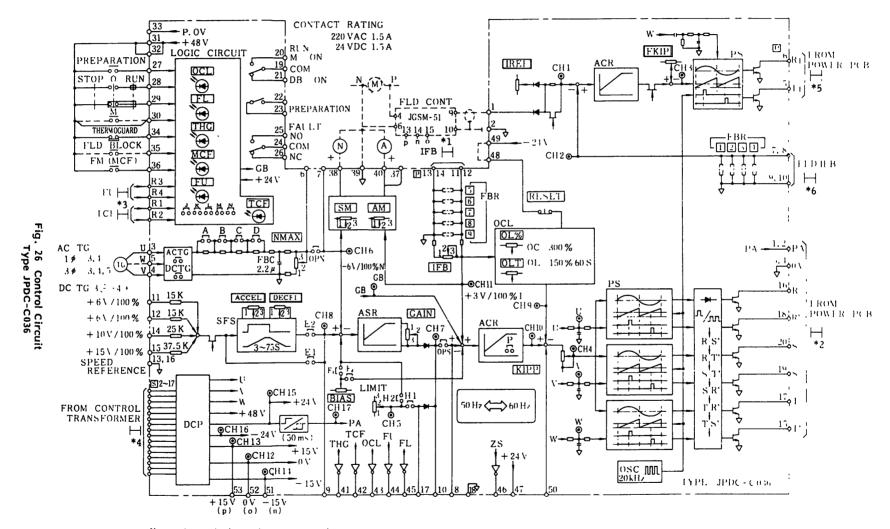
(REFERENCE) (cont'd)

ELEMENTARY (TYPE CDMR-: CDMR-ZII, DIAGRAM OF 230V, 90A) (CONT'D) н HYRISTOR CONVERTER UNIT



Note: Asterisk shows the connections between main circuit and control circuit. It indicates that *1 of main circuit is connected to *1 of control circuit.

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Note: Asterisk shows the connections between main circuit and control circuit. It indicates that *1 of main circuit is connected to *1 of control circuit

{REFERENCE (Cont'd)

	Signal Nan	ne	Terminal No.	Function "Close" Field intensitying. "Open" Gate block Field half-reduced.					
1	Ready signal	0 0	27						
2	Operation signal		28	"Close" Speed reference "ON" \rightarrow Acceleration to speed reference value. "Open" Speed reference "OFF" \rightarrow Stop by regenerative braking \rightarrow Gate block.					
		+ 11 + ++ 0 0€₽ -+(81/22)-	28 29	"RUN" Speed reference "ON" - Acceleration to speed reference value. "STOP" Speed reference "OFF"-Stop by regenerative braking- Gate block.					
3	Maın cırcuit M ınput answer back sıgnal	-0 0-	30	"Close" Gate block released.	Terminals 30 and 31 (or 32) short-circuited unless used.				
4	Motor overheat signal		34	"Open" Gate block. "Close" Normally.					
5	Field block signal	-0 0-	35	"Close" Field block. (Field circuit clipped at KIPP phase.)					
6	Motor blower ON/OFF signal		36	"Close" Field intersifying. "Open" Gate block-Field current half-reduced.					
7	External gate block signal		49 - 50	"Close" Gate block.					
8	External (OCL) failure reset	-0_0	(48) - (49)	"Close Normally. "Open" Reset.	Terminals 48 and 49 short-circuited when reset button in the unit is used.				
9	Fuse blown detection signal (inside)		R) - R 2	With failure detection cooling fan (option). "Open" Normally. "Close" Gate block.					
10	Thyristor cooling fan stop signal (inside)	-0 0	R3 - R4	"Open" Normally. "Close" Gate block.					
11	Specd reference			+6V/100%N +6V/100%N +10V/100%N +15V/100%N 0V (SC)	 Soft start command possible. 3 to 75 sec. (Variable) Accel. time, decel. time adjustable independently. 				
12	External current ref (+ Forward torque. - Reverse torque)		17	±3V/100% Ia					
			18	0V (SG)					
13	Speed feedback sign	al	3 - 4 - 5	ACTG 3, 4 1¢, 3, 4, 5 3¢ DCTG 3(-), 4(+)					
14	Automatic field weak current command	ening	1 (2)	Output received from field controller Type JGSM-51. 0 V (SG)					

Table 11 Functions of External Control Terminals for Input

Note:

1. Use highly reliable contact for input interface signal considering that the load is 48VDC, 10mA.

2. Provide a noise killer at both ends of coil when relay,

contactors, etc. are used. The terminals of the circled numbers are provided with the control circuit board Type JPDC-C036 (ETC00491X) only. 3.

	Signal Name			Terminal No.	Function				
1	Ready signal		22-23	Contact signal closed when operation is ready. (PREP light ON.)	Allowable contact capacity: 220VAC, 1.5A				
2	Operation signal 19-0-		020	19-20-21	NO contact For M input command. NC contact For DB input command	24VDC, 1.5A			
3	Failure signal		24-0-25	24-25-26	Contact signal closed (or opened) when failure occurs.				
4	Zero-speed detection signal		-45-*	(46)	"ON" at motor speed 1% or below (-6V/100% $N_{\rm FB})$				
5	Main circuit current detection signal			37	+6V/100% Ia (Allowable load impedance: 3 kΩ)				
6	Individual	Motor over	heat	(4)	"ON" by motor overheat.				
	failure detection signal	Thyristor cooling fan stop		42	"ON" by thyristor cooling fan stop.				
		Thyristor or rent and or		43	"ON" by thyristor overcurrent overload.				
		Fuse blown		(4)	"ON" by fuse-blown.				
		Field lost		45	"ON" by field loss.				
7	Speedometo	er		38-39	Connected to 1 mA DC meter (2 k Ω or below). (Full scale at maximum speed)				
8	Maın cırcui	t ammeter		40-39	Connected to 1 mA DC meter (2 kΩ or below). (Full scale at 150% load)				
9	Control po	wer supply		51	-15V				
				52	0V (SG)				
				53	+15V				
				47	+24V				
				31,32	+48V Isolated from o				
				33	OV (POWER OV)	control power suppl			

Table 12 Functions of External Control Terminals for Output

*Allowable rating 24VDC, 50mA.

Note: The terminals of the circled numbers are provided with the control circuit board Type JPDC-C036 (ETC00491X).

Varispeed-505 ZI Drive

TOKYO OFFICE Ohtemachi Bidg, 1-6-1 Ohtemachi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 100 Japan Phone (03) 3284-9111 Telex YASKAWA J33530 Fax (03) 3284-9034 YASKAWA ELECTRIC AMERICA, INC Chicago-Corporate Headquarters 2942 MacArthur Blvd Northbrook, IL 60062-2028, U S A Phone (708) 291-2340 Fax (708) 498-2430 Chicago-Technical Center 3160 MacArthur Blvd Northbrook, IL 60062-1917, U.S.A. Phone (708) 291-0411 Fax (708) 291-1018 MOTOMAN INC. 805 Liberty Lane West Carrollton, OH 45449, U S A Phone (513) 847-6200 Fax (513) 847-6277 YASKAWA ELÉTRICO DO BRASIL COMÉRCIO LTDA Rua Conde Do Pinhal 8-5", Andar Sala 51 CEP 01501-São Paulo-SP, Brasil Phone (011) 35-1911 Fax (011) 37-7375 YASKAWA ELECTRIC EUROPE GmbH Am Kronberger Hang 2, 65824 Schwalbach, Germany Phone (49) 6196-569-300 Fax (49) 6196-888-301 Motoman Robotics AB Box 130 S-38500 Torsås, Sweden Phone 0486-10575 Fax 0486-11410 Motoman Robotec GmbH Kammerfeldstraße 1, 85391 Allershausen, Germany Phone 08166-900 Fax 08166-9039 YASKAWA ELECTRIC UK LTD. 3 Drum Mains Park Orchardton Woods Cumbernauld, Scotland, G68 9_D U K Phone (236)735000 Fax (236)458182 YASKAWA ELECTRIC KOREA CORPORATION 8th Floor Seoul Center Bldg, 91-1, Sogong-Dong, Chung-ku, Seoul, Korea 100-070 Phone (02)776-7844 Fax (02)753-2639 YASKAWA ELECTRIC (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD. Head Office CPF Bldg, 79 Robinson Road # 13-05, Singapore 0106, SINGAPORE Phone 221-7530 Telex (87) 24890 YASKAWA RS Fax 224-5854 Service Center . 221 Henderson Road, # 07-20 Henderson Building Singapore 0315, SINGAPORE Phone 276-7407 Fax 276-7406 YATEC ENGINEERING CORPORATION Shen Hsiang Tang Sung Chiang Building 10F 146 Sung Chiang Road, Taiper, Taiwan Phone (02) 563-0010 Fax (02) 567-4677 SHANCHAI OFFICE Room No 8B Wan Zhong Building 1303 Yan An Road (West), Shanghai 200050, CHINA Phone (86) 212-1015 Fax (86) 212-1015 TAIPEI OFFICE Shen Hsiang Tang Sung Chiang Building 10F 146 Sung Chiang Road, Taipei, Taiwan Phone (02) 563-0010 Fax (02) 567-4677



YASKAWA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

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