

Designation: D 4315 - 94 (Reapproved 2001)

Standard Test Methods for Rubber Compounding Material—Zinc Oxide¹

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1. Scope

- 1.1 These test methods cover chemical and physical tests for zinc oxide that are considered to be important to its use in rubber compounding.
 - 1.2 The tests appear in the following order:

Test	Section
Zinc Oxide	5
Lead and Cadmium	6
Sulfur	7
Heat Loss	8
Surface Area	9
Sieve Residue	10

1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use For specific precautions, see 5.2.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:
- D 280 Test Methods for Hygroscopic Moisture (and Other Matter Volatile Under the Test Conditions) in Pigments²
- D 1193 Specification for Reagent Water³
- D 3037 Test Methods for Carbon Black—Surface Area by Nitrogen Adsorption⁴
- D 3040 Practice for Preparing Precision Statements for Standards Related to Rubber and Rubber Testing⁵
- D 3280 Test Methods for Analysis of White Zinc Pigments²
- D 4075 Test Methods for Compounding Materials—Flame Atomic Absorption Technique—Determination of Metals⁴
- E 11 Specification for Wire Cloth and Sieves for Testing Purposes⁶

3. Significance and Use

3.1 These test methods may be used for quality control of zinc oxide used as a compounding material and for research and development studies where zinc oxide is used in a rubber mix.

4. Reagents

- 4.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests.
- 4.2 *Purity of Water*—Unless otherwise indicated, references to water shall be understood to mean Type IV reagent water in accordance with Specification D 1193.

ZINC OXIDE

5. Procedure for Determination of % Zinc Oxide

- 5.1 Analysis of white zinc pigments is covered in Test Methods D 3280.
- 5.2 Reagents and safety precautions for Test Methods D 3280 apply.
- 5.3 Section 6 of Test Methods D 3280 describes the analysis of total zinc in zinc oxide using diphenylamine as internal indicator.
- 5.4 Section 7 of Test Methods D 3280 describes the analysis of total zinc in zinc oxide using uranyl acetate as external indicator.

LEAD AND CADMIUM

6. Procedure for Determination of Lead and Cadmium in Zinc Oxide

6.1 Test Methods D 4075 is the standard test method for metal analysis in compounding materials using the flame atomic absorption technique. Analysis for cadmium and lead in zinc oxide are described in Sections 11 through 20 of Test Methods D 4075.

SULFUR

7. Procedure for Determination of Sulfur in Zinc Oxide

- 7.1 Analysis of white zinc pigments is covered in Test Methods D 3280.
- 7.2 Reagents and safety precautions for Test Methods D 3280 apply.

¹ These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D11 on Rubber and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D11.20 on Compounding Materials and Procedures.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 06.03.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 11.01.

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 09.01.

⁵ Discontinued—see 1986 Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vols 09.01 and 09.02.

⁶ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

7.3 Section 9 of Test Methods D 3280 describes the analysis of total sulfur in zinc oxide.

HEAT LOSS

8. Procedure for Determining Heat Loss in Zinc Oxide

8.1 Use Test Methods D 280, Method A, for pigments that do not decompose at 110°C.

SURFACE AREA

9. Surface Area of Zinc Oxide

9.1 Use Procedure D of Test Methods D 3037. Test Methods D 3037 are written for carbon black using a flowing gas surface area analyzer. It shall be followed with the following exceptions:

9.2 Sections 33.11 and 33.12 shall read:

Accurately weigh a clean, dry, empty sample cell and record the mass. Using a small funnel, pour the zinc oxide into the sample cell using the following table as a guide for the approximate sample mass:

Surface Area, 10 ³ m ² /kg	Zinc Oxide Mass, g
9	0.20-0.35
4	0.50-0.70

9.3 Section 33.16 shall read:

Outgas the Zinc Oxide at 200°C for 20 min

9.4 Section 33.21 shall read:

An attenuator setting of one is usually satisfactory for the surface areas and masses.

Nоте 1—See 9.2.

9.5 Sections 33.33.1, 33.33.2 and 33.33.3 should be disregarded as not relevant as there are currently no ASTM approved reference standards for zinc oxide surface areas.

SIEVE RESIDUE

10. Procedure for Sieve Residue of Zinc Oxide

10.1 Apparatus:

10.1.1 *Sieves*, 75-mm (3-in.) or 200-mm (8-in.) with 45-μm (325-mesh) wire cloth.⁷

10.1.2 Balance, with a sensitivity of ± 0.1 mg.

10.1.3 Drying Oven, maintained at $100 \pm 10^{\circ}$ C.

10.1.4 Weighing Dish.

10.1.5 Aerator, for hose connected to a tap-water supply.

10.2 Reagents:

10.2.1 Tap Water.

10.3 Sampling:

10.3.1 Sampling shall be at the discretion of the analyst to obtain a representative sample of the lot to be tested.

10.4 Procedure:

10.4.1 Weigh a 10 to 100-g sample to ± 0.1 g in a suitable weighing dish. Small samples are used with the 75-mm (3-in.) sieve, large samples for the 200-mm (8-in.) sieve.

10.4.2 Place the sample in the sieve and wash with a stream of tap water, directed onto the sieve from a hose. If any lumps are detected after most of the zinc oxide has passed through the sieve, gently manipulate the lumps to break them up using finger tips or a small brush. This operation serves to break up any persistent lumps of zinc oxide but is not stringent enough to force coarse, hard particles through the sieve. Continue washing with tap water until no more residue will pass through the sieve, place the sieve in an oven maintained at 100°C until it is dry.

10.4.3 Remove the sieve from the oven and transfer any weighable residue to a small weighing dish, which has been previously weighed to ± 0.1 mg and weigh.

10.5 Calculations:

10.5.1 Calculate the percent sieve residue R as follows:

$$R = W/S \times 100 \tag{1}$$

where:

R = sieve residue, %,

W =mass of sieve residue, g, and

S = mass of sample, g.

10.6 *Report*:

10.6.1 The report shall include the following information:

10.6.1.1 Proper identification of the sample.

10.6.1.2 Results of two individual percent sieve residue determinations and their average.

11. Precision and Bias

11.1 Precision and bias statements are in the process of being prepared in the form specified by Practice D 3040. They will be added to these test methods when completed.

12. Keywords

12.1 chemical and physical tests for zinc oxide; heat loss; lead and cadmium in zinc oxide; sieve residue; sulfur in zinc oxide; surface area; zinc oxide; zinc oxide percent

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⁷ Detailed requirements for this sieve are given in ASTM Specification E 11.